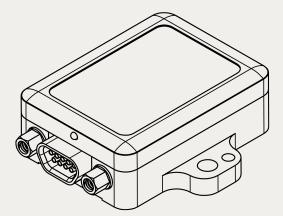
3DM-GX5-25

Attitude and Heading Reference System (AHRS)







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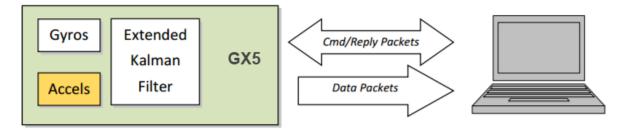


1. API Introduction

The 3DM-GX5-25 programming interface is comprised of a compact set of setup and control commands and a very flexible user-configurable data output format. The commands and data are divided into four command sets and two data sets corresponding to the internal architecture of the device. The four command sets consist of a set of "Base" commands (a set that is common across many types of devices), a set of unified "3DM" (3D Motion) commands that are specific to the LORD Sensing inertial product line, a set of "Estimation Filter" commands that are specific to LORD Sensing navigation and advanced AHRS devices, and a set of "System" commands that are specific to sensor systems comprised of more than one internal sensor block. The two data sets represent the two types of data that the GX5-25 is capable of producing: "IMU" (Inertial Measurement Unit) data and "Estimation Filter" (Attitude) data. The type of estimation filter used in the GX5-25 is an Auto-Adaptive Extended Kalman Filter (EKF).

Base commands	Ping, Idle, Resume, Get ID Strings, etc.
3DM commands	Poll IMU Data, Estimation Filter Data, etc.
Estimation Filter commands	Reset Filter, Sensor to Vehicle Frame Transformation, etc.
System commands	Switch Communications Mode, etc.
IMU data	Acceleration Vector, Gyro Vector, etc.
Estimation Filter data	Attitude, Acceleration Estimates, etc.

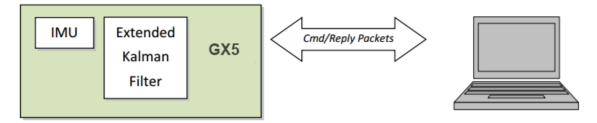
The protocol is packet based. All commands, replies, and data are sent and received as fields in a message packet. Commands are all confirmed with an ack/nack (with a few exceptions). The packets have a descriptor type field based on their contents, so it is easy to identify if a packet contains commands, replies, IMU data, or Estimation Filter data.





2. Basic Programming

The 3DM-GX5-25 is designed to stream IMU and Estimation Filter data packets over a common interface as efficiently as possible. To this end, programming the device consists of a configuration stage where the data messages and data rates are configured. The configuration stage is followed by a data streaming stage where the program starts the incoming data packet stream.



In this section there is an overview of the packet, an overview of command and reply packets, an overview of how an incoming data packet is constructed, and then an example setup command sequence that can be used directly with the 3DM-GX5-25 either through a COM utility or as a template for software development.

2.1 MIP Packet Overview

This is an overview of the 3DM-GX5-25 packet structure. The packet structure used is the LORD "MIP" packet. A reference to the general packet structure is presented in the MIP Packet Reference section. An overview of the packet is presented here.



The MIP packet "wrapper" consists of a four byte header and two byte checksum footer:

	I	Header		Packet Payload			Checksum	
SYNC1 SYNC2 Descriptor Payload "u" "e" Set byte Length byte		Field Length byte	Field Descriptor byte	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
0x75 0x65 0x80 0x0E			0x0E	0x03	0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xBB 8E 3B 29 0x7F E5 BF 7F	0x83	0xE1	
				Payload Lengt packet payload more fields an the lengths of				
			\	Descriptor Set. Descriptors are grouped into different sets. The value 0x80 identifies this packet as an AHRS data packet. Fields in this packet will be from the AHRS data descriptor set.				
				Start of Packet every MIP pac packet.				
				2 byte Fletche	er checksum of all t	he bytes in the packet.]	

The packet payload section contains one or more fields. Fields have a length byte, descriptor byte, and data. The diagram below shows a packet payload with a single field.

	ŀ	leader			Packet Payload			
SYNC1 "u"	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length byte	Field Length byte	Field Descriptor byte	Field Data	MSB	LSB
0x75	0x65	0x80	0x0E	0x0E	0x06	0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xBB 8E 3B 29 0x7F E5 BF 7F	0x86	0x08
the bytes descripto Descripto of the fie data is a Field data 2. This d represen	in the fiel or byte and or byte. The Id data. The mag vecto a. The leng ata is 12 by ts the float	d including th l field data. nis byte identi his descriptor r (set: 0x80, d	gnetometer	ts the i)				



Below is an example of a packet payload with two fields (gyro vector and mag vector). Note the payload length byte of 0x1C which is the sum of the two field length bytes 0x0E + 0x0E:

Header				Packet Payload (2 Fields)						Checksum	
SYNC1 "u"	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length byte	Field 1 Length	Field 1 Descriptor	Field 1 Data	Field 2 Length	Field 2 Descriptor	Field 2 Data	MSB	LSB
0x75	0x65	0x80	0x1C	0x0E	0x05	0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xBB 8E 3B 29 0x7F E5 BF 7F	0x0E	0x06	0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xBB 8E 3B 29 0x7F E5 BF 7F	0xE0	0xC6

2.2 Command Overview

The basic command sequence begins with the host sending a command to the device. A command packet contains a field with the command value and any command arguments.

The device responds by sending a reply packet. The reply contains at minimum an ACK/NACK field. If any additional data is included in a reply, it appears as a second field in the packet.

2.2.1 Example "Ping" Command Packet

Below is an example of a "Ping" command packet from the Base command set. A "Ping" command has no arguments. Its function is to determine if a device is present and responsive:

	н	leader			Packet F	Checksum				
SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length byte	ngth Field Field Byte Descriptor Length Byte		Field Data	MSB	LSB		
0x75	0x65	0x01	0x02	0x02	0x01	N/A	0xE0	0xC6		
Copy-Paste version of command: "7565 0102 0201 E0C6"										

The packet header has the "ue" starting sync bytes characteristic of all MIP packets. The descriptor set byte (0x01) identifies the payload as being from the Base command set. The length of the payload portion is 2 bytes. The payload portion of the packet consists of one field. The field starts with the length of the field which is followed by the descriptor byte (0x01) of the field. The field descriptor value is the command value. Here the descriptor identifies the command as the "Ping" command from the Base command descriptor set. There are no parameters associated with the ping command, so the field data is empty. The checksum is a two byte Fletcher checksum (see the MIP Packet Reference for instructions on how to compute a Fletcher two byte checksum).



2.2.2 Example "Ping" Reply Packet

The "Ping" command will generate a reply packet from the device. The reply packet will contain an ACK/NACK field. The ACK/NACK field contains an "echo" of the command byte plus an error code. An error code of 0 is an "ACK" and a non-zero error code is a "NACK":

	н	leader			Packet F	Payload	Checksum					
SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length byte	Field Byte Length	Field Descriptor Byte	Field Data	MSB	LSB				
0x75	0x75 0x65 0x01 0x04 0x04 0xF1 Command Echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00 0xD5 0x6A											
Copy-Past	Copy-Paste version of reply: "7565 0104 04F1 0100 D56A"											

The packet header has the "ue" starting sync bytes characteristic of all MIP packets. The descriptor set byte (0x01) identifies the payload fields as being from the Base command set. The length of the payload portion is 4 bytes. The payload portion of the packet consists of one field. The field starts with the length of the field which is followed by the descriptor byte (0xF1) of the field. The field descriptor byte identifies the reply as the "ACK/NACK" from the Base command descriptor set. The field data consists of an "echo" of the original command (0x01) followed by the error code for the command (0x00). In this case the error is zero, so the field represents an "ACK". Some examples of non-zero error codes that might be sent are "timeout", "not implemented", and "invalid parameter in command". The checksum is a two byte Fletcher checksum (see the MIP Packet Reference for instructions on how to compute a Fletcher two byte checksum).

The ACK/NACK descriptor value (0xF1) is the same in all descriptor sets. The value belongs to a set of reserved global descriptor values.

The reply packet may have additional fields that contain information in reply to the command. For example, requesting Device Status will result in a reply packet that contains two fields in the packet payload: an ACK/NACK field and a device status information field.



2.3 Data Overview

Data packets are generated by the device. When the device is powered up, it may be configured to immediately stream data packets out to the host or it may be "idle" and waiting for a command to either start continuous data or to get data by "polling" (one data packet per request). Either way, the data packet is generated by the device in the same way.

2.3.1 Example Data Packet:

Below is an example of a MIP data packet which has one field that contains the scaled accelerometer vector.

		Header			Packet	Payload	Checksum					
SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length byte	Field Byte Length	Field Descriptor Byte	Field Data: Accel vector (12 bytes, 3 float - X, Y, Z)	MSB	LSB				
0x75	0x3E 7A 63 A0											
Copy-Pa	Copy-Paste version: "7565 800E 0E04 3E7A 63A0 BB8E 3B29 7FE5 BF7F 92C0"											

The packet header has the "ue" starting sync bytes characteristic of all MIP packets. The descriptor set byte (0x80) identifies the payload field as being from the IMU data set. The length of the packet payload portion is 14 bytes (0x0E). The payload portion of the packet starts with the length of the field. The field descriptor byte (0x04) identifies the field data as the scaled accelerometer vector from the IMU data descriptor set. The field data itself is three single precision floating point values of 4 bytes each (total of 12 bytes) representing the X, Y, and Z axis values of the vector. The checksum is a two byte Fletcher checksum (see the MIP Packet Reference for instructions on how to compute a Fletcher two byte checksum).

The format of the field data is fully and unambiguously specified by the descriptor. In this example, the field descriptor (0x04) specifies that the field data holds an array of three single precision IEEE-754 floating point numbers in big-endian byte order and that the values represent units of "g's" and the order of the values is X, Y, Z vector order. Any other specification would require a different descriptor (see the Data Reference section of this manual).

Data polling commands generate two individual reply packets: An ACK/NACK packet and a data packet. Enable/Disable continuous data commands generate an ACK/NACK packet followed by the continuous stream of data packets.

The IMU and Estimation Filter data packets can be set up so that each data quantity is sent at a different rate. For example, you can setup continuous data to send the accelerometer vector at 100



Hz and the magnetometer vector at 5 Hz. This means that packets will be sent at 100 Hz and each one will have the accelerometer vector but only every 20th packet will have the magnetometer vector. This helps reduce bandwidth and buffering requirements. An example of this is given in the IMU Message Format command.

2.4 Example Setup Sequence

Setup involves a series of command/reply pairs. The example below demonstrates actual setup sequences that you can send directly to the 3DM-GX5-25 either programmatically or by using a COM utility. In most cases only minor alterations will be needed to adapt these examples for your application.

2.4.1 Continuous Data Example Command Sequence

Most applications will operate with the 3DM-GX5-25 sending a continuous data stream. In the following example, the IMU data format is set, followed by the Estimation Filter data format. To reduce the amount of streaming data, if present during the configuration, the device is placed into the idle state while performing the device initialization; when configuration is complete, the required data streams are enabled to bring the device out of idle mode. Finally, the configuration is saved so that it will be loaded on subsequent power-ups, eliminating the need to perform the configuration again.

Step 1: Put the Device in Idle Mode

Send the "Set To Idle" command to put the device in the idle state (reply is ACK/NACK), disabling the IMU and Estimation Filter data-streams. This is not required but reduces the parsing burden during initialization and makes visual confirmation of the commands easier:

	MIP Packet Header					Command/F	Reply Fields	Checksum			
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd. Descriptor	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Set to Idle	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x02	0x02	0x02	N/A	0xE1	0xC7		
Reply: ACK/NACK									0x6C		
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0102 0202 E1C7"											



Step 2: Configure the IMU Data-stream Format

Send a "Set IMU Message Format" command (reply is ACK/NACK). This example requests GPS correlation timestamp, scaled gyro, and scaled accelerometer information at100 Hz (1000Hz base rate divided by a rate decimation of 10 on the3DM-GX5-25 = 100 Hz.) This will result in a single IMU data packet sent at 100Hz containing the IMU GPS correlation timestamp followed by the scaled gyro field and the scaled accelerometer field. This is a very typical configuration for a base level of inertial data. If different rates were requested, then each packet would only contain the data quantities that fall in the same decimation frame (see theMultiple Rate Data section). If the stream was not disabled in the previous step, the IMU data would begin stream immediately.

Please note, this command will not append the requested descriptors to the current IMU datastream configuration, it will overwrite it completely.

		MIP Pac	ket Heade	r		Command	l/Reply Fields	Checksum				
	SYNC1 SYNC2 "u "e"		Descriptor Payload Set byte Length		Field Length	Cmd. Descriptor	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command: New IMU Message Format	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0D	0x0D	0x08	Function: 0x01 Desc. count: 0x03 GPS TS Desc.: 0x12 Rate Dec: 0x000A Accel Desc.: 0x04 Rate Dec: 0x000A Ang Rate Desc: 0x05 Rate Dec: 0x000A	0x45	0xF2			
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x08 Error code: 0x00	0xE7	0xBA			
Copy-Paste v	Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C0D 0D08 0103 1200 0A04 000A 0500 0A45 F2"											



Step 3: Configure the Estimation Filter Data-stream Format

The following configuration command requests the GPS Timestamp followed by the Estimated Euler Angle, Estimated Linear Acceleration, and Angular Rate at 50 Hz (500 Hz base rate divided by a rate decimation of 10 = 50 Hz.) This will result in a single Estimation Filter packet sent at 50 Hz containing the requested fields in the requested order. If different rates were requested, then each packet would only contain the data quantities that fall in the same data rate frame (see the Multiple Rate Data section). If the stream was not disabled in the previous step, the Estimation Filter data would begin stream immediately.

Please note, this command will not append the requested descriptors to the current Estimation Filter data stream configuration, it will overwrite it completely.

		MIP Pac	ket Heade	r		Comma	and/Reply Fields	Checksum				
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Field Data M		MSB	LSB						
Command: New Estimation Filter Message Format	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x10	0x10	0x0A	Function: 0x01 Desc. count: 0x04 GPS TS Desc.: 0x11 Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Euler: 0x05 Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Accel: 0x0D Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Ang Rate: 0x0E Rate Dec: 0x000A	0x6E	0xB0			
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x0A Error code: 0x00	0xE9	0xBE			
Copy-Paste ver	Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C10 100A 0104 1100 0A05 000A 0D00 0A0E 000A 6EB0"											



Step 4: Save the IMU and Estimation Filter MIP Message Format

To save the IMU and Estimation Filter MIP Message format, use the "Save" function selector (0x03) in the IMU and Estimation Filter Message Format commands. Below we've combined the two commands as two fields in the same packet. Notice that the two reply ACKs comes in one packet also. Alternatively, they could be sent as separate packets.

		MIP Pac	ket Header	ſ	С	ommar	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd. Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command Field 1: Save Current IMU Message Format	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0x08	Function: 0x03 Desc. count: 0x00		
Command Field 2: Save Current Estimation Filter Message Format					0x04	0x0A	Function: 0x03 Desc. count: 0x00	0x0E	0x31
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x08 Error code: 0x00		
Reply Field 2: ACK/NACK					0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x0A Error code: 0x00	0xE9	0xBE
Copy-Paste ver	sion of th	, ne comma	and: "7565 ()C08 0402	8 0.300 0₄	40A 030) 0 0F31"		,

Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 UC08 0408 0300 040A 0300 0E31



Step 5: Enable the IMU and Estimation Filter Data-streams

Send an Enable/Disable Continuous Stream command to enable the IMU and Estimation Filter continuous streams (reply is ACK). These streams may have already been enabled by default; this step is to confirm they are enabled. These streams will begin streaming data immediately.

		MIP Pac	ket Heade	r	C	omman	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd. Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command Field 1: Enable Continu- ous IMU Mes- sage	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0A	0x05	0x11	Function: 0x01 IMU: 0x01 On: 0x01			
Command Field 2: Enable Continuous Estimation Filter Message					0x05	0x11	Function: 0x01 Estimation Filter: 0x03 On: 0x01	0x24	0xCC	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x11 Error code: 0x00			
Reply Field 2: ACK/NACK					0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x11 Error code: 0x00	0xFA	0xB5	
Copy-Paste version	Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C0A 0511 0101 0105 1101 0301 24 CC"									



Step 6: (Optional): Resume the Device

Sending the "Resume" command is another method of re-enabling transmission of enabled data streams (reply is ACK/NACK).

		MIP Pac	ket Header		Co	mmand	/Reply Fields	Checksum			
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Descriptor Set byte	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd. Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Resume	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x02	0x02	0x06	N/A	0xE5	0xCB		
Reply: ACK/NACK											
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0102 0206 E5CB"											



2.4.2 Polling Data Example Sequence

Polling for data is less efficient than processing a continuous data stream, but may be more appropriate for certain applications. The main difference from the continuous data example is the inclusion of the Poll data commands in the data loop:

Step 1: Put the Device in Idle Mode (Disabling the IMU and Estimation Filter data-streams)

Same as continuous streaming. See Step 1: Put the Device in Idle Mode on page 16

Step 2: Configure the IMU data-stream format

Same as continuous streaming. See Step 2: Configure the IMU Data-stream Format on page 17.

Step 3: Configure the Estimation Filter data-stream format

Same as continuous streaming. *See Step 3: Configure the Estimation Filter Data-stream Format on page 18.*

Step 4: Save the IMU and Estimation Filter MIP Message format

Same as continuous streaming. See Step 4: Save the IMU and Estimation Filter MIP Message Format on page 19

Step 5: Resume the Device

Same as continuous streaming. See Step 6: (Optional): Resume the Device on page 21.

Send Individual Data Polling Commands

Send individual Poll IMU Data and Poll Estimation Filter Data commands in your data collection loop. After the ACK/NACK is sent by the device, a single data packet will be sent according to the settings in the previous steps. Note that the ACK/NACK has the same descriptor set value as the command, but the data packet has the descriptor set value for the type of data (IMU or Estimation Filter):

	Ν	MIP Pack	et Head	er	Co	mmand	/Reply Fields	Checksum	
	SYNC1 "u	SYNC2 "e"	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd. Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command: Poll IMU Data	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x01	Option: 0x00 Desc Count: 0x00	0xEF	0xDA
Reply Field 1:	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x01	0xE0	0xAC



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ACK/NACK							Error code: 0x00			
IMU Data Packet Field 1: Gyro Vector	0x75	0x65	0x80	0x1C	0x0E	0x04	0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xBB 8E 3B 29 0x7F E5 BF 7F	0x41	0xBB	
IMU Data IMU Data 0x0E 0x0E 0x3E 7A 63 A0 0xAD 0xAD Packet Field 2: Accel Vector 0x0E 0x0E 0x0B 8E 3B 29 0xAD 0xDC										
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C04 0401 0000 EFDA"										

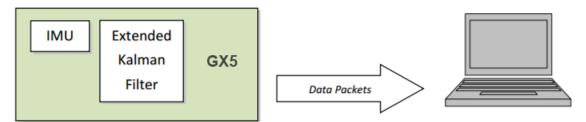
You may specify the format of the data packet on a per-polling-command basis rather than using the pre-set data format (see the Poll IMU Data and Poll Estimation Filter Data sections)

The polling command has an option to suppress the ACK/NACK in order to keep the incoming stream clear of anything except data packets. Set the option byte to 0x01 for this feature.



2.5 Parsing Incoming Packets

Setup is usually the easy part of programming the 3DM-GX5-25. Once you start continuous data streaming, parsing and processing the incoming data packet stream will become the primary focus. The stream of data from the IMU and Kalman Filter (Estimation Filter) are usually the dominant source of data since they come in the fastest. Polling for data may seem to be a logical solution to controlling the data flow, and this may be appropriate for some applications, but if your application requires the precise delivery of inertial data, it is often necessary to have the data stream drive the process rather than having the host try to control the data stream through polling.



The "descriptor set" qualifier in the MIP packet header is a feature that greatly aids the management of the incoming packet stream by making it easy to sort the packets into logical sub-streams and route those streams to appropriate handlers. The first step is to parse the incoming character stream into packets.

It is important to take an organized approach to parsing continuous data. The basic strategy is this: parse the incoming stream of characters for the packet starting sequence "ue" and then wait for the entire packet to come in based on the packet length byte which arrives after the "ue" and descriptor set byte. Make sure you have a timeout on your wait loop in case your stream is out of sync and the starting "ue" sequence winds up being a "ghost" sequence. If you timeout, restart the parsing with the first character after the ghost "ue". Once the stream is in sync, it is rare that you will hit a timeout unless you have an unreliable communications link. After verifying the checksum, examine the "descriptor set" field in the header of the packet. This tells you immediately how to handle the packet.

Based on the value of the descriptor set field in the packet header, pass the packet to either a command handler (if it is a Base command or 3DM command descriptor set) or a data handler (if it is an IMU, or Estimation Filter data set). Since you know beforehand that the IMU and Estimation Filter data packets will be coming in fastest, you can tune your code to buffer or handle these packets at a high priority. Replies to commands generally happen sequentially after a command so the incidence of these is under program control.

For multi-threaded applications, it is often useful to use queues to buffer packets bound for different packet handler threads. The depth of the queue can be tuned so that no packets are dropped while waiting for their associated threads to process the packets in the queue. See Advanced Programming Models section for more information on this topic.



Once you have sorted the different packets and sent them to the proper packet handler, the packet handler may parse the packet payload fields and handle each of the fields as appropriate for the application. For simple applications, it is perfectly acceptable to have a single handler for all packet types. Likewise, it is perfectly acceptable for a single parser to handle both the packet type and the fields in the packet. The ability to sort the packets by type is just an option that simplifies the implementation of more sophisticated applications.

2.6 Multiple Rate Data

The message format commands (IMU Message Format and Estimation Filter Message Format) allow you to set different data rates for different data quantities. This is a very useful feature especially for IMU data because some data, such as accelerometer and gyroscope data, usually requires higher data rates (>100 Hz) than other IMU data such as Magnetometer (20 Hz typical) data. The ability to send data at different rates reduces the parsing load on the user program and decreases the bandwidth requirements of the communications channel.

Multiple rate data is scheduled on a common sampling rate clock. This means that if there is more than one data rate scheduled, the schedules coincide periodically. For example, if you request Accelerometer data at 100 Hz and Magnetometer data at 50 Hz, the magnetometer schedule coincides with the Accelerometer schedule 50% of the time. When the schedules coincide, then the two data quantities are delivered in the same packet. In other words, in this example, you will receive data packets at 100 Hz and every packet will have an accelerometer data field and EVERY OTHER packet will also include a magnetometer data field:

Packet 1	Packet 2	Packet 3	Packet 4	Packet 5	Packet 6	Packet 7	Packet 8	
Accel	Accel							
	Mag		Mag		Mag		Mag	

If a timestamp is included at 100 Hz, then the timestamp will also be included in every packet in this example. It is important to note that *the data in a packet with a timestamp is always synchronous with the timestamp.* This assures that multiple rate data is always synchronous.

Packet 1	Packet 2	Packet 3	Packet 4	Packet 5	Packet 6	
Accel	Accel	Accel	Accel	Accel	Accel	Accel
Timestamp	Mag	Timestamp	Mag	Timestamp	Mag	
	Timestamp		Timestamp		Timestamp	



2.7 Data Synchronicity

Because the MIP packet allows multiple data fields to be in a single packet, it may be assumed that a single timestamp field in the packet applies to all the data in the packet. In other words, it may be assumed that all the data fields in the packet were sampled at the same time.

IMU and Estimation Filter data are generated independently by two systems with different clocks. The importance of time is different in each system and the data they produce. The IMU data requires precise microsecond resolution and perfectly regular intervals in its timestamps. The Kalman Filter resides on a separate processor and must derive its timing information from the two data sources.

The time base difference is one of the factors that necessitate separation of the IMU and Estimation Filter data into separate packets. Conversely, the common time base of the different data quantities within one system is what allows grouping multiple data quantities into a single packet with a common timestamp. In other words, IMU data is always grouped with a timestamp generated from the IMU time base, and estimation filter data is always grouped with a timestamp from the Estimation Filter time base, etc.

All data streams (IMU and Estimation Filter) on the 3DM-GX5-25 output a "GPS Time"-formatted timestamp. This allows a precise common time base for all data. Due to the differences in clocks on each device, the period between two consecutive timestamp values may not be constant; this occurs because periodic corrections are applied to the IMU and Estimation Filter timestamps when the GPS Time Update Command is applied.

2.8 Communications Bandwidth Management

Because of the large amount and variety of data that is available from the 3DM-GX5-25, it is quite easy to overdrive the bandwidth of the communications channel. This can result in dropped packets. The 3DM-GX5-25 does not do analysis of the bandwidth requirements for any given output data configuration, it will simply drop a packet if its internal serial buffer is being filled faster than it is being emptied. It is up to the programmer to analyze the size of the data packets requested and the available bandwidth of the communications channel. Often the best way to determine this is empirically by trying different settings and watching for dropped packets. Below are some guidelines on how to determine maximum bandwidth for your application.



2.8.1 UART Bandwidth Calculation

Below is an equation for the maximum theoretical UART baud rate for a given message configuration. Although it is possible to calculate the approximate bandwidth required for a given setup, there is no guarantee that the system can support that setup due to internal processing delays. The best approach is to try a setting based on an initial estimate and watch for dropped packets. If there are dropped packets, increase the baud rate, reduce the data rate, or decrease the size or number of packets.

$$n(k \times f_{mr}) + n \sum (S_f \times f_{dr})$$

Where:

 S_f = size of data field in bytes f_{dr} = field of data rate in Hz f_{mr} = maximum date rate in Hz n = size of UART word = 10 bits k = size of MIP wrapper = 6 bytes

which becomes:

$$60f_{mr} + 10\sum(S_f \times f_{dr})$$

Example:

For an IMU message format of Accelerometer Vector (14 byte data field) + Internal Timestamp (six byte data field), both at 100 Hz, the theoretical minimum baud rate would be:

 $= 60 \times 100 + 10((14 \times 100) + (6 \times 100))$ = 26000 BAUD

In practice, if you set the baud rate to 115200 the packets come through without any packet drops. If you set the baud rate to the next available lower rate of 19200, which is lower than the calculated minimum, you get regular packet drops. The only way to determine a packet drop is by observing a timestamp in sequential packets. The interval should not change from packet to packet. If it does change then packets were dropped.



2.8.2 USB vs. UART

The 3DM-GX5-25 has a dual communication interface: USB or UART. There is an important difference between USB and UART communication with regards to data bandwidth. The USB "virtual COM port" that the 3DM-GX5-25 implements runs at USB "full-speed" setting of 12Mbs (megabits per second). However, USB is a polled master-slave system and so the slave (3DM-GX5-25) can only communicate when polled by the master. This results in inconsistent data streaming - that is, the data comes in spurts rather than at a constant rate and, although rare, sometimes data can be dropped if the host processor fails to poll the USB device in a timely manner.

With the UART the opposite is true. The 3DM-GX5-25 operates without UART handshaking which means it streams data out at a very consistent rate without stopping. Since the host processor has no handshake method of pausing the stream, it must instead make sure that it can process the incoming packet stream non-stop without dropping packets.

In practice, USB and UART communications behave similarly on a Windows based PC, however, UART is the preferred communications system if consistent, deterministic communications timing behavior is required. USB is preferred if you require more data than is possible over the UART and you can tolerate the possibility of variable latency in the data delivery and very occasional packet drops due to host system delays in servicing the USB port.



3. Command and Data Summary

Below is a summary of the commands and data available in the programming interface. Commands and data are denoted by two values. The first value denotes the "descriptor set" that the command or data belongs to (Base command, 3DM command, Estimation Filter Command, IMU data, or Estimation Filter data) and the second value denotes the unique command or data "descriptor" in that set. The pair of values constitutes a "full descriptor".

3.1 Commands

3.1.1 Base Command Set (0x01)

Ping	(0x01, 0x01)
Set to Idle	(0x01, 0x02)
Get Device Information	(0x01, 0x03)
Get Device Descriptor Sets	(0x01, 0x04)
Device Built-In Test (BIT)	(0x01, 0x05)
Resume	(0x01, 0x06)
Get Extended Device Descriptor Sets	(0x01, 0x07)
GPS Time Update	(0x01, 0x72)
Device Reset	(0x01, 0x7E)

3.1.2 3DM Command Set (0x0C)

Poll IMU Data	(0x0C, 0x01)
Poll Estimation Filter Data	(0x0C, 0x03)
Get IMU Data Rate Base	(0x0C, 0x06)
Get Estimation Filter Data Rate Base	(0x0C, 0x0B)
IMU Message Format	(0x0C, 0x08)
Estimation Filter Message Format	(0x0C, 0x0A)
Enable/Disable Device Continuous Data Stream	(0x0C, 0x11)
Device Startup Settings	(0x0C, 0x30)
Accel Bias	(0x0C, 0x37)
Gyro Bias	(0x0C, 0x38)
Capture Gyro Bias	(0x0C, 0x39)
Magnetometer Hard Iron Offset	(0x0C, 0x3A)
Magnetometer Soft Iron Matrix	(0x0C, 0x3B)
Coning and Sculling Enable	(0x0C, 0x3E)
Change UART Baud rate	(0x0C, 0x40)
Advanced Low-Pass Filter Settings	(0x0C, 0x50)
Complementary Filter Settings	(0x0C, 0x51)
Device Status*	(0x0C, 0x64)



3.1.3 Estimation Filter Command Set (0x0D)

Reset Filter	(0x0D, 0x01)
Set Initial Attitude	(0x0D, 0x02)
Set Initial Heading	(0x0D, 0x03)
Set Initial Heading with Magnetometer	(0x0D, 0x04)
Sensor to Vehicle Frame Transformation	(0x0D, 0x11)
Estimation Control Flags	(0x0D, 0x14)
Heading Update Control	(0x0D, 0x18)
External Heading Update	(0x0D, 0x17)
External Heading Update with Timestamp	(0x0D, 0x1F)
Set Reference Position	(0x0D, 0x26)
Enable Measurements	(0x0D, 0x41)
Pitch-Roll Aiding Control	(0x0D, 0x4B)
Auto-Initialization Control	(0x0D, 0x19)
Magnetometer Noise Standard Deviation	(0x0D, 0x42)
Gravity Noise Standard Deviation	(0x0D, 0x28)
Pressure Altitude Noise Standard Deviation	(0x0D, 0x29)
Accelerometer Noise Standard Deviation	(0x0D, 0x1A)
Gyroscope Noise Standard Deviation	(0x0D, 0x1B)
Gyroscope Bias Model Parameters	(0x0D, 0x1D)
Hard Iron Offset Process Noise	(0x0D, 0x2B)
Soft Iron Matrix Process Noise	(0x0D, 0x2C)
Zero Angular Rate Update Control	(0x0D, 0x20)
Tare Orientation	(0x0D, 0x21)
Commanded Zero Angular Rate Update	(0x0D, 0x23)
Declination Source	(0x0D, 0x43)
Inclination Source	(0x0D, 0x4C)
Magnetic Field Magnitude Source	(0x0D, 0x4D)
Gravity Magnitude Error Adaptive Measurement	(0x0D, 0x44)
Magnetometer Magnitude Error Adaptive Measurement	(0x0D, 0x45)
Magnetometer Dip Angle Error Adaptive Measurement	(0x0D, 0x46)
Magnetometer Capture Auto Calibration	(0x0D, 0x27)

3.1.4 System Command Set (0x7F)

Communication Mode*	(0x7F, 0x10)
	()

*Advanced commands



3.2 Data

3.2.1 IMU Data Set (0x08)

Scaled Accelerometer Vector	(0x80, 0x04)
Scaled Gyro Vector	(0x80, 0x05)
Scaled Magnetometer Vector	(0x80, 0x06)
Scaled Ambient Pressure	(0x80, 0x17)
Delta Theta Vector	(0x80, 0x07)
Delta Velocity Vector	(0x80, 0x08)
CF Orientation Matrix	(0x80, 0x09)
CF Quaternion	(0x80, 0x0A)
CF Euler Angles	(0x80, 0x0C)
CF Stabilized Mag Vector (North)	(0x80, 0x10)
CF Stabilized Accel Vector (Up)	(0x80, 0x11)
GPS Correlation Timestamp	(0x80, 0x12)

3.2.2 Estimation Filter Data Set (0x82)

Filter Status
GPS Timestamp
Orientation, Quaternion
Attitude Uncertainty, Quaternion Elements
Orientation, Euler Angles
Attitude Uncertainty, Euler Angles
Orientation, Matrix
Compensated Angular Rate
Gyro Bias
Gyro Bias Uncertainty
Compensated Linear Acceleration
Linear Acceleration
Pressure Altitude
Gravity Vector
WGS84 Local Gravity Magnitude
Heading Update Source State
Magnetic Model Solution
Mag Auto Hard Iron Offset
Mag Auto Hard Iron Offset Uncertainty
Mag Auto Soft Iron Matrix
Mag Auto Soft Iron Matrix Uncertainty

(0x82, 0x10) (0x82, 0x11) (0x82, 0x03) (0x82, 0x12) (0x82, 0x05) (0x82, 0x0A) (0x82, 0x04) (0x82, 0x0E) (0x82, 0x06) (0x82, 0x0B) (0x82, 0x1C) (0x82, 0x0D) (0x82, 0x21) (0x82, 0x13) (0x82, 0x0F) (0x82, 0x14) (0x82, 0x15) (0x82, 0x25) (0x82, 0x28) (0x82, 0x26) (0x82, 0x29)



4. Command Reference

4.1 Base Commands

The Base command set is common to many LORD Sensing devices. With the Base command set it is possible to identify many properties and do basic functions on a device even if you do not recognize its specialized functionality or data. The commands work the same way on all devices that implement this set.

4.1.1 Ping (0x01, 0x01)													
Description	Send '	Send "Ping" command											
Description	Device	Device responds with ACK if present.											
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Data								
Command	0x02 0x01			N/A									
Reply: ACK/ NACK	0x04 0xF1				U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Checksum							
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB				
Command: Ping	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x02	0x02	0x01		0xE0	0xC6				
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00	0xD5	0x6A				
Copy-Paste versi	Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0102 0201 E0C6"												



4.1.2	Set 7	Fo Idle	(0x(01,	0x02)								
	Place	Place device into idle mode											
Description	mode. sleepii	Command has no parameters. Device responds with ACK if successfully placed in idle mode. This command will suspend streaming (if enabled) or wake the device from sleep (if sleeping) to allow it to respond to status and setup commands. You may restore the device mode by issuing the Resume command.											
Field Format	Field Length			Field Length Field Descriptor			Field Data						
Command	0x02			0x(0x02 N/A								
Reply : ACK/ NACK	0x04			0xl	0xF1 U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
		MIP Pac	cket I	Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields Checksun				ksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De: Se		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command: Set to Idle	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x02	0x02	0x02		0xE1	0xC7			
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x02 Error code: 0x00	0xD6	0x6C			
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0102 0201 E0C6"													



4.1.3 Get Device Information (0x01, 0x03)												
Description	Get th	Get the device ID strings and firmware version.										
Field Format	Field L	ength	Field Descrip	tor	Fiel	ld Data						
Command	0x02		0x03		N/A	\						
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				ne commai ode (0: AC	nd byte K, non-zero:	NACK)			
					Bina Offs	· /	Description		Data Type	Uni	ts	
Reply Field 2:	0x52				0		Firmware	version	U16	N/A	\	
Array of Descriptors			0x81		2		Model Name		String(16)	N/A	N/A	
					18		Model Number		String(16)	N/A	N/A	
					34		Serial Number		String(16)	N/A	N/A	
Evennle	MIP Packet Header						Commar	nd/Reply Fie	lds	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payl Len		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data		MSB	LSB	
Command: Get Device Info	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x	02	0x02	0x03			0xE2	0xC8	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x58		0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x03 Error code: 0x00				
Reply Field 2: Device Info Field						0x54	0x81	" 3D " 6 " 62	on: 0x05FE M-GX5-45″ 232-4270″ 32-00122″ ″ , 150d/a″	0x##	0x##	
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comma	and: "756	5 0102	2 0203	3 E2C8"	•	,				



4.1.4	Get I	Device	Des	scri	ptor Sets	s (0	x01, (0x04)					
	Get th	e set of c	lescr	ipto	rs that this o	dev	ice sup	ports					
Description	of 16 b	Reply has two fields: "ACK/NACK" and "Descriptors". The "Descriptors" field is an array of 16 bit values. The MSB specifies the descriptor set and the LSB specifies the descriptor.											
Field Format	Field Le	ength		Fie De	eld escriptor		Field	Data					
Command	0x02			0x	04		N/A						
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0x	F1		U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero			IACK)			
							Binary Offset		Description Data Type		pe		
Reply Field 2: Array of Descriptors	2 x <number of<br="">descriptors> + 2</number>			0x82		0		Firmware version U16					
	uescrip	1015-12			1		Model Name U16						
									etc				
		MIP Pac	ket l	Header			С	Command/Reply Fields			ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De: Se	sc. et	Payload Length		Field .ength	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Get Device Info	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x02		0x02	0x04		0xE3	0xC9		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x04		0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00				
Reply Field 2:									0x0101 0x0102 0x0103				
Array of Descriptors							<n*2></n*2>	0x82	 0x0C01 0x0C02	0x##	0x##		
									 nth descriptor: 0x0C72				
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	commar	nd: "7	565	0102 0204	E3(C9"						



4.1.5 Device Built-In Test (0x01, 0x05)												
Run the device Built-In Test (BIT). The Built-In Test command always returns a 32 b value. A value of 0 means that all tests passed. A non-zero value indicates that not a tests passed. The failure flags are device dependent. The flags for the 3DM-GX5-25 defined below.										all		
	30	3DM-GX5-25 BIT Error Flags:										
		Byt	e	Byte 1	I (LSB)		Byte	92		Byte 4 (N	ISB)	
		Dev	ice	Proces	sor Boar	d	Sens	or Board		Kalman Fi	lter	
	iption Bit 2			Reset	Reset (Lat after first anded BI	-	IMU Com	municatio	n Fault	Solution F	ault	
Description				Reserv	ved			netometer plicable)	Fault	Reserved		
	Bit 3				ved			Pressure Sensor Fault (if applicable)			Reserved	
		Bit 4	1	Reserv	ved		Rese	Reserved				
	Bit 5				Reserved			Reserved			Reserved	
E			6	Reserv	ved		Rese	Reserved				
		Bit 7	7	Reserv	eserved Reserved				Reserved			
		Bit 8	8 (MSB)	Reserv	ved		Reserved			Reserved		
Field Format	Fie	eld Le	ength	Field Descri	ptor	Field	Data					
Command	0x	02		0x05		N/A	N/A					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x	04		0xF1		U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
Reply Field 2: Array of BIT Errors	0x	06		0x83		U32 - BIT Error Flags						
			MIP Pac	ket Head	der		Со	mmand/R	eply Fields	Che	cksum	
Example	Sj	/nc1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payloa Lengtl		Field .ength	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command Built-In Test	0)	x75	0x65	0x01	0x02		0x02	0x05	N/A	0xE4	0xCA	



Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x0A	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x05 Error code: 0x00		
Reply Field 2: BIT Error Flags					0x06	0x83	BIT Error Flags: 0x00000000	0x68	0x7D
Copy-Paste version	on of the	command	d: "7565 () 102 0205 E4	4CA"				



4.1.6	Resi	ume (0)	x01,	, 0x	.06)					
	Place	device b	ack i	into	the mode it	was in bef	ore issui	ng the Set To Idle com	imand.	
Description		nmand ha						levice is placed in defa h ACK if stream succe		
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor					Field Data				
Command	0x02			0x(06	N/A				
Reply: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0x	F1			nmand byte : ACK, non-zero: NAC	:K)	
		MIP Pag	cket l	Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields Checksu				ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Des Se		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command: Resume	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x02	0x02	0x06		0xE5	0xCB
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00	0xDA	0x74
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	commai	nd: "7	7565	0102 0206	E5CB"			,	



4.1.7	Get I	Extend	ed C	Dev	ice Desc	rip	tor Se	ets (0x0)1, 0x07)			
					descriptors Device Des				ipports (descriptors in)	addition	to the	
Description		oit values						•	. The "Descriptors" fiel and the LSB specifies		array	
Notes	MIP pi for ext	rotocol. E ended de	Exter escrip	nded otors	descriptors	s are ing i	e only s for the	supported	on all devices support d on some devices. Yo descriptor in the list ret	ou may o		
Field Format	Field Le	ength		Fie De	eld escriptor		Field	Data				
Command	0x02			0x(07		N/A					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0xF1			U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)			IACK)	ACK)	
						Binary Offset		Description	Data Ty	rpe		
Reply Field 2: Array of	2 x <number of<br="">descriptors> + 2</number>	0x86			0		Firmware version	U16				
Descriptors	descrip	tors > + 2	,> + 2				1		Model Name	U16		
									etc.			
		MIP Pac	ket H	Head	der		Command/Reply Fields			Cheo	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Des Se		Payload Length		⁻ield ength	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command: Get Device Info	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x02	0	0x02	0x04		0xE6	0xCC	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(01	0x04	0)x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00			
					-				0x0D27 0x0D28			
Reply Field 2: Array of Descriptors						<	∝n*2>	0x86	 0x822B 0x822C 	0x##	0x##	
									nth descriptor: 0x0C72			
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	commar	nd: "7	7565	0102 0207	E60	CC"					



4.1.8	GPS	Time l	Jpdate	e (0x01, (0x7	72)					
	This n	nessage	updates	the interna	al Gl	PS Time	e as repo	rted in the Filter Times	tamp.		
	receiv Correl clock.	er. When ation Tim It is reco	combin lestamp mmende	ed with a F in the inert ed that this	ization of IMU/AHRS Timestamps with an external GPS PPS input applied to pin 7 of the I/O connector, the GPS tial data output is synchronized with the external GPS s update command be sent once per second. See the imand for more information.						
Description	Possil	ble functi	on selec	ctor values:	:						
		C	x02 - Re	oply new se ead back co oply new se	urre	ent settin	•	NACK reply			
	Possi	ble field s	elector	values:							
		0x01 - GPS Week Number 0x02 - GPS Seconds									
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor					ield Data	1				
Command	0x08		0x72		U	8-GPS	tion Sele Time Fie / Time V	eld Selector			
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - echo the command descriptor U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
Reply Field 2 (function = 2, selector = 1)	0x06		0x84		U32 - Current GPS Week Value						
Reply Field 2 (function = 2, selector = 2)	0x06		0x85		U	32 - Curr	rent GPS	Seconds Value			
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	lder		С	omman	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command: GPS Time Update	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x08		0x08	0x72	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Field (Week): 0x00 Val: 0x00000698	0xFD	0x32	
Reply : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x04		0x04	0xF1	Cmd echo: 0x72 Error code: 0x00	0x46	0x4C	



Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0108 0872 0101 0000 0698 FD32"



4.1.9	Devi	ce Res	et (0x0	1, 0x7E))						
Description	Reset	s the dev	ice.								
Description	Device	e respond	ds with A	CK if it red	cognizes the	e comma	and and then immediate	ely reset	s.		
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	riptor	Field Data						
Command	0x02 0x7E				N/A						
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand byte ACK, non-zero: NACk	()			
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields Checks						
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Ping	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x02	0x02	0x7E		0x5D	0x43		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x01	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x7E Error code: 0x00	0x52	0x64		
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "7565	0102 027	E 5D43"						



4.2 3DM Commands

The 3DM command set is common to the LORD Sensing Inertial sensors that support the MIP packet protocol. Because of the unified set of commands, it is easy to migrate code from one inertial sensor to another.

4.2.1	Poll	IMU Da	ita (0x	0 C, 0x0 1	l)						
	Poll th	e device t	for an II	MU messa	ge with the	specified	d format				
Description	will ma descri stored and the	aintain the ptors are format (s ere is no s an ACK/N	e order o ignored et with stored f	of descripto . If the form the Set IM ormat, the o	ors sent in t nat is not p U Message device will	he comm rovided, t Format respond	vided format. The resul nand and any unrecogr he device will attempt command.) If no forma with a NACK. The repl ent separately as an II	iized to use th at is prov y packe	ne rided t con-		
	Possit	ole Optior	n Select	or Values:							
		0x00 - Normal ACK/NACK Reply. 0x01 - Suppress the ACK/NACK reply.									
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Date	а					
Command	4 + 3*N	l	0x01			ber of De	or escriptors (N) r, U16 Reserved)				
Reply: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
		MIP Pack	ket Hea	der	С	commanc	I/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Poll IMU data (use stored format)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x01	Option: 0x00 Desc count: 0x00	0xEF	0xDA		
Command: Poll IMU data (use specified format)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0A	0x0A	0x01	Option: 0x00 Desc count: 0x02 1st Descriptor: 0x04 Reserved: 0x0000 2nd Descriptor: 0x05 Reserved: 0x0000	0x06	0x27		



Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x75 0x65 0x0C 0x04 0x04 0xF1 Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00 0xE0 0xAC												
Copy-Paste versi Stored format: "75 Specified format:	565 <i>0</i> C04	0401 00	00 EFD		000 0627"									
4.2.2	Poll	Estima	tion Fi	lter Data	(0x0C, (0x03)								
	Poll th	e device	for an E	stimation F	-ilter mess	age with t	he specified format							
Description	ulting r cogniz use the format reply p an Est	This function polls for an Estimation Filter message using the provided format. The resulting message will maintain the order of descriptors sent in the command and any unrecognized descriptors are ignored. If the format is not provided, the device will attempt to use the stored format (set with the Set Estimation Filter Message Format command.) If no format is provided and there is no stored format, the device will respond with a NACK. The reply packet contains an ACK/NACK field. The polled data packet is sent separately as an Estimation Filter Data packet.												
	Possit	ossible Option Selector Values:												
		0x00 - Normal ACK/NACK Reply. 0x01 - Suppress the ACK/NACK reply.												
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	l criptor	Field Date	а								
Command	4 + 3*N	I	0x03		U8 - Option Selector U8 - Number of Descriptors (N) N*(U8 - Descriptor, U16 Reserved)									
Reply: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nand byte ACK, non-zero: NACk	()						
		MIP Pa	cket He	ader		Comman	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum					
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB					
Command: Poll IMU data (use stored format)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x03	Option: 0x00 Desc count: 0x00	0xF1	0xE0					
Command: Poll IMU data (use specified format)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0A	0x0A	0x03	Option: 0x00 Desc count: 0x02 1st Descriptor: 0x01 Reserved: 0x0000 2nd Descriptor: 0x02 Reserved: 0x0000	0x02	0x1E					



Reply: ACK/NACK (Data packet is sent separately if ACK)0x750x650x0C0x040x04	0xF1 Command echo: 0x03 Error code: 0x00 0xE2 0xB0
---	---

Copy-Paste versions of the commands:

Stored format: "7565 0C04 0403 0000 F1E0"

Specified format: "7565 0C0A 0A03 0002 0100 0002 0000 021E"

4.2.3	Get I	MU Da	ta Bas	se Rate ((0x0C, 0)	x06)					
	Get the	e base rat	te for the	e IMU data	a in Hz.						
Description	Return mand.	s the val	ue used	for data ra	ite calculat	ions. See	the IMU Message For	rmat con	ז-		
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data						
Command	0x02		0x06		None						
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
Reply Field 2: IMU Base Rate	0x04		0x83		U16 - IMI	J data ba	se rate (Hz)				
	ſ	VIP Pack	et Head	der	Command/Reply Fields Checks						
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Get IMU Base Rate	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x02	0x02	0x06		0xF0	0xF7		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x06 Error code: 0x00				
Reply Field 2: IMU Base Rate					0x04	0x83	Base rate (Hz): 0x0x0064	0xD4	0x6B		
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "7565	5 0C02 020	06 F0F7"		·	•			



Get E	Estimat	tion Fi	lter Data	Base Ra	ate (0x0)C, 0x0B)			
Get the	e base ra	te for th	e Estimatio	on Filter dat	a in Hz.				
			l for data ra	te calculati	ons. See	the Estimation Filter N	lessage	•	
Field Le	ength			Field Data	а				
0x02		0x0B	1	None					
0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command byte U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					
0x04		0x8A		U16-Est	imation F	ïlter data base rate (Hz	<u>z)</u>		
	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields Checks					
Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x02	0x02	0x0B		0xF5	0xFC	
0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x0B Error code: 0x00			
				0x04	0x8A	Base rate (Hz): 0x0x0064	0xE0	0x9E	
	Get the Forma Field Le 0x02 0x04 0x04 0x04	Get the base rains the val Format comma <i>Field Length</i> 0x02 0x04 0x04 0x04 <i>NIP Pac Sync1 Sync2</i> 0x65	Get the base rate for the command c	Get the base rate for the Estimation Returns the value used for data rate format command. Field Descriptor 0x02 0x02 0x0B 0x04 0xF1 0x04 0x8A UIP Packet Header Sync1 Sync2 0x05 0x0C 0x02 0x02	Get the base rate for the Estimation Filter datReturns the value used for data rate calculati Format command.Field Length $Field Descriptor$ $Field Data0x020x0BNone0x040xF1U8 - EchorU8 - Error0x040x8AU16 - Est0x04Sync1Sync2PayloadLength0x750x650x0C0x020x750x650x0C0x080x04II$	Get the base rate for the Estimation Filter data in Hz. Returns the value used for data rate calculations. See Format command. Field $Data$ Field $Data$ None 0x02 0x0B None 0x04 0xF1 U8 - Echo the com U8 - Error code (0: U16 - Estimation Field Sync1 0x04 0x8A U16 - Estimation Field Desc. 0x01 Sync2 Desc. Set Payload Length Length Desc. 0x75 0x65 0x0C 0x02 0x02 0x08 0x75 0x65 0x0C 0x08 0x04 0xF1	Returns the value used for data rate calculations. See the Estimation Filter M Format command.Field Length	Get the base rate for the Estimation Filter data in Hz. Returns the value used for data rate calculations. See the Estimation Filter Message Format command. Field $Length$ Field $Data$ Field $Data$ Ox02 Ox0B None Ox04 Ox0F1 U8 - Echo the command byte U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK) Ox04 Ox8A U16 - Estimation Filter data base rate (Hz): Ox04 Ox8A Command.Reply Fields Chect Sync1 Sync2 Payload Length Field Desc. Payload Length Field Desc. Field Desc. Payload Length Field Desc. Field Desc. Payload Length Field Desc. Field Data MSB 0x75 0x65 0x0C 0x02 0x02 0x0B Command echo: 0x0B Error code: 0x00 0xF5 0x75 0x65 0x0C 0x08 0x04 0xF1 Command echo: 0x0B Error code: 0x00 0xF	



4.2.5	ΙΙΜ	J Mess	sage F	Format (0)	x0C, 0x(08)		IIMU Message Format (0x0C, 0x08)							
	for the tain th	e IMU da ne order	ata pacl of desc	ket when in	standard n in the com	node. T	packet. This command set he resulting data messages The command has a function	s will ma	ain-						
	Poss	ible Fun	ction Se	elector Value	es:										
		0 0 0	x02 - R x03 - Sa x04 - Lo	se new setti ead back cu ave current s bad saved s eset to facto	irrent setti settings as tartup sett	s startuj ings	-								
Description	The ra				•	-	or IMU messages:								
	You s for co	F hould al mputing	ate De ways re the des	cimation = I etrieve the B sired rate de	MU Base ase Rate cimation.	Rate / E from the	Desired Data Rate e Get IMU Data Base Rate tes vary from device to dev								
	the de sage tion s	IMU base rate for the 3DM-GX5 is 500. The device checks that all descriptors are valid prior to executing this command. If any of the descriptors are invalid for the IMU descriptor set, a NACK will be returned and the message format will be unchanged. The descriptor array only needs to be provided if the function selector is = 1 (Use new settings). For all other functions it may be empty (Number of Descriptors = 0).													
Field Format	Field L	ength	Fiel Des	ld scriptor	Field Da	ta									
Command	4 + 3*1	N	0x0	8		nber of I	elector Descriptors (N) tor, U16 - Rate Decimation)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF	-1			mmand byte 0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
Reply Field 2 : Function = 2	3 + 3*1	N	0x8	0			Descriptors (N) tor, U16 - Rate Decimation)							
		MIP Pa	cket He	eader		Comm	nand/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum						
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB						
Command: IMU Message	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0A	0x0A	0x08	Function: 0x01 Desc count: 0x02 1st Descriptor: 0x04	0x22	0xA0						



Γ

							2nd Descriptor: 0x05 Rate Dec: 0x000A		
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x01 Error code: 0x00	0xE7	0xBA
Command: IMU Message Format (read back cur- rent settings)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x08	Function: 0x02 Desc count: 0x00	0xF8	0xF3
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0D	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x08 Error code: 0x00		
Reply Field 2 : Current IMU Message Format					0x09	0x80	Desc count: 0x02 1st Descriptor: 0x03 Rate Dec: 0x000A 2nd Descriptor: 0x04 Rate Dec: 0x000A	0x98	0x0F

Read Current Settings: "7565 0C04 0408 0200 F8F3"



4.2.6	Esti	matio	n Filt	er Message	e Fo	ormat	(0x0C	, 0x0A)			
	the fo sage	ormat fo will ma	r the E intain t	Estimation Filte	er da scri	ata packo ptors se	et wher nt in the	message packet. This fur n in standard mode. The re e command. The comman	sulting	mes-	
	Poss	ible fun	ction s	elector values	6:						
			0x02 - 0x03 - 0x04 -	Use new setti Read back cu Save current s Load saved st	irren setti tartu	ngs as s p setting	startup : gs	settings			
Description				Reset to facto			-				
•	The r							Estimation Filter message	es:		
			Rate D	Decimation = E	EF B	ase Rat	e / Des	ired Data Rate			
	comr devic The c the d returr provi	nand fo e. The levice c escripto ned and ded if th	r comp EF bas checks ors are the mo he func	buting the desi se rate for the that all descri invalid for the essage format	red i 3DM iptor Est t will s = 1	rate deci 1-GX5 is s are va imation l be unch	imation 500. Iid prior Filter da nanged.	Get Estimation Filter Data . Base rates vary from dev to executing this commar ata descriptor set, a NACH . The descriptor array only ings). For all other function	vice to nd. If an (will be needs	y of e to be	
Field Format	Field	Length	-	ïeld Descriptor	Fie	eld Data					
Command	4 + 3*	N	0:	x0A	U8		er of D	ector escriptors (N) r, U16 - Rate Decimation)			
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0:	xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACK)			
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	3 + 3*	N	0:	x82				escriptors (N) r, U16 - Rate Decimation)			
		MIP	Packe	t Header			Comm	and/Reply Fields	n) Checksur		
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Leng	gth	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command:	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0A		0x0A	0x0A	Function: 0x01 Desc count: 0x02	0x0C	0x6A	



Estimation Filter Message Format (use new settings)							1st Descriptor: 0x01 Data Rate: 0x0001 2nd Descriptor: 0x02 Data Rate: 0x0001		
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x0A Error code: 0x00	0xE9	0xBE
Command: Estimation Filter Message Format (read back current settings)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x0A	Function: 0x02 Desc count: 0x00	0xFA	0xF9
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0D	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x0A Error code: 0x00		
Reply Field 2 : Current Message Format					0x09	0x82	Desc count: 0x02 1st Descriptor: 0x01 Data Rate: 0x0001 2nd Descriptor: 0x02 Data Rate: 0x0001	0x84	0xED

Use New Settings: "7565 0C0A 0A09 0102 0300 0405 0004 1685" Read Current Settings: "7565 0C04 0409 0200 F9F6"



4.2.7	Enat	ole/Disa	ible C	ontinuou	s Data S	tream	(0x0C, 0x11)				
	select be trar	ed device Ismitted (ed. For all	e is not o i.e. no s	continuous stale data i	ly transmit s transmitte	ted. Upoi ed.) The	ta. If disabled, the data n enabling, the most cu default for the device is ng), the new enable flag	urrent da s all stre	ta will ams		
	Possit	ole functio	on selec	ctor values:	:						
				ly new set	-						
				e current s		-	ettinas				
Description				d saved sta	-						
		0x05 - Load factory default settings									
	The de	e device selector can be:									
		0x01 - IMU 0x03 - Estimation Filter									
	The er	The enable flag can be either:									
	The er										
		0x00 - Disable the selected stream 0x01 - Enable the selected stream <i>(default)</i>									
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Dat	а					
Command	0x05		0x11		U8 - Func U8 - Devi U8 - New	ice Selec	tor				
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nmand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NAC	K)			
Reply Field 2: (function = 2)	0x04		0x85		U8 - Devi U8 - Curr		tor ce Enable Flag				
		MIP Pack	ket Hea	der	C	command	I/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: IMU Stream ON	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x05	0x05	0x11	Function (Apply): 0x01 Device (IMU): 0x01 Stream (ON): 0x01	0x04	0x1A		
Command: IMU Stream	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x05	0x05	0x11	Function (Apply): 0x01 Device (IMU): 0x01 Stream (OFF): 0x00	0x03	0x19		



OFF									
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x11 Error code: 0x00	0xF0	0xCC
Copy-Paste version	on of the	1st com	mand: "	7565 0C05 (0511 0101	0104 1A	22		

4.2.8	Devi	ce Star	tup Se	ettings (0	x0C, 0x3	30)						
	Read,	Save, Lo	ad, or F	Reset to De	fault the va	alues for a	Il device settings.					
	Possib	ole functio	on selec	ctor values:								
Description		0x02 - Read back current settings*										
		0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings** 0x04 - Load saved startup settings										
		0x0)5 - Res	et to facto	y default s	ettings						
Notes	setting base c **Whe	as comma command en a save	ands are is reco current	e returned. mmended settings co	This is a su prior to issu	ubstantial uing this c issued a	ied, all settings reply f amount of data. Send ommand. brief data disturbance	ling an id	lle			
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data	а						
Command	0x02		0x30		U8 - Func	tion selec	ctor					
Reply: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nand byte ACK, non-zero: NACk	<)				
		MIP Pacl	ket Hea	lder	C	Command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command: Save All	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x03	0x03	0x30	Fctn (Save): 0x03	0x1F	0x45			
Reply: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x30 Error code: 0x00	0x0F	0x0A			
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0C03 033	0 031F 45"			*				



4.2.9 Accel Bias (0x0C, 0x37)

				Adı	/anced				
	functio	ons exce	ot 0x01	and 0x06 (apply new	setting	Accelerometer Bias Vec s), the new vector value is eter value prior to output.		
Description	Possit	0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(01 - App 02 - Rea 03 - Sav 04 - Loa 05 - Loa	ctor values bly new set ad back cur ve current s d saved st d factory d bly new set	tings rrent settin settings as artup setti efault set	s startup ings tings	settings /NACK reply		
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	l criptor	Field Da	ata			
Command	0x0F		0x37	,	float - X float - Y	Accel B	elector ias Value ias Value ias Value		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mmand byte 0: ACK, non-zero: NACK	()	
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x9A	A.	float - C	urrent Y	Accel Bias Value Accel Bias Value Accel Bias Value		
	r	MIP Pack	ket Hea	der		Comma	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command: Accel Bias	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0F	0x0F	0x37	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Field (Bias): 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0x3C	0x75
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x37 Error code: 0x00	0x16	0x18
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0C0F 0F	37 0100 0	000 000) 0000 0000 0000 003C 7	5"	



4.2.10	Gyro Bias	(0x0C,	0x38)
--------	-----------	--------	-------

				Adı	/anced							
	excep	t 0x01 an	d 0x06		settings)	, the new	Gyro Bias Vector. For all v vector value is ignored. to output.					
	Possit	Possible function selector values: 0x01 - Apply new settings										
Description				ad back cu	-	ngs						
				ve current s		•	settings					
				d saved st		-						
				d factory d		-	ALACK rophy					
		UXU	- Abt	bly new set		10 ACK	/NACK reply					
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	l criptor	Field Da	ata						
Command	0x0F		0x38	1		Gyro Bia Gyro Bia	as Value as Value					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mmand byte 0: ACK, non-zero: NACK	()				
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x9E	3	float - C	urrent Y	Gyro Bias Value Gyro Bias Value Gyro Bias Value					
	I	MIP Pacl	ket Hea	der		Commai	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command: Gyro Bias	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0F	0x0F	0x38	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Field (Bias): 0x0000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0x3D	0x83			
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x38 Error code: 0x00	0x17	0x1A			
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	nd: "756	5 0C0F 0F.	38 0100 0	000 0000) 0000 0000 0000 003D 8	3"	,			



4.2.11 Capture Gyro Bias (0x0C, 0x39)

Description	This command will cause the 3DM-GX5 to sample its sensors for the specified number of milliseconds. The resulting data will be used to initialize its orientation, and to estimate its gyro bias error. The estimated gyro bias error will be automatically written to the Gyro Bias vector. The bias vector is not saved as a startup value. If you wish to save this vector, use the Gyro Bias command. Possible sampling time values: Total sampling time in units of milliseconds. Range of values: 1000 to 30000.
Notes	Note: The 3DM-GX5 must be stationary during the execution of the Capture Gyro Bias Operation.

Field Format	Field L	ength	Field Des	t criptor	Field Da	float - Current Y Gyro Bias Value float - Current Z Gyro Bias Value Command/Reply Fields Checksu				
Command	0x04		0x39)	U16 - Sa	ampling T	lime (milliseconds)			
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04 (0xF1	1	U16 - Sampling Time (milliseconds) U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK) float - Current X Gyro Bias Value float - Current Y Gyro Bias Value float - Current Z Gyro Bias Value)		
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x9E	3	float - C	float - Current Y Gyro Bias Value				
	1	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		Commar	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length			Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command: Capture Gyro Bias	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x39	Sampling Time: 0x2710	0x5E	0xE0	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1				
Reply Field 2: Bias Vector					0x0E	0x9B	Field (Bias): 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0xCF	0x19	
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C04 0439 2710 5EE0"										



4.2.1	2 Ma	gnetom	eter H	lard Iron	Offset	(0x0C,	, 0x3A)				
	This c	ommand	will rea	d or write v	alues to t	he magn	etometer Hard Iron Offse	et Vector			
			-		• •		settings), the new vector lled Mag value prior to out		i		
	based can be atively	on calibr obtained , the auto	ation da d and se o-mag c	ta taken af t by using alibration f	fter the de the LORE eature ma	evice is in 0 "MIP In ay be use	v by external software alg installed in its application. on Calibration" application ed to capture these values prior to output.	These v n. Altern	/alues -		
Description	Possit	Possible function selector values:									
		0x01 - Apply new settings									
		0x02 - Read back current settings									
		0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings									
		0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Load factory default settings									
		0x06 - Apply new settings with no ACK/NACK reply									
	Defaul	efault values:									
	Delau										
		Hard Iron Offset: [0,0,0]									
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Fiela Desa	riptor	Field Da	ata					
Command	0x0F		0x3A	λ.	float - X float - Y	Hard Iro	elector n Offset n Offset n Offset				
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mmand byte 0: ACK, non-zero: NACK	()			
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x9C	;	float - C	urrent Y	Hard Iron Offset Hard Iron Offset Hard Iron Offset				
	N	MIP Pack	ket Hea	der		Comma	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command: Hard Iron Offset	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0F	0x0F	0x3A	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Offset Vector: 0x0000000 0x0000000 0x00000000	0x3F	0x9F		



Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x3A Error code: 0x00	0x19	0x1E
Copy-Paste version	on of the	commar	nd: "756	5 0C0F 0F3	3A 0100 0	000 000	0 0000 0000 0000 003F 9	F"	



4.2.13 Magnetometer Soft Iron Matrix (0x0C, 0x3B)												
	This co rix.	ommand	will read	d or write v	alues to t	the magr	netometer Soft Iron Comp	pensation	n Mat-			
	based can be atively	on calibra obtained , the <mark>auto</mark>	ation da l and se <mark>o-mag c</mark>	ta taken a t by using alibration f	fter the de the LORI eature ma	evice is i D "MIP Ir ay be us	ly by external software al nstalled in its application. ron Calibration" applicatio ed to capture these value or prior to output	These v n. Altern	alues -			
Description	Possit	ossible function selector values: 0x01 - Apply new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings										
		0x04 - Load saved startup settings										
		0x05 - Load factory default settings 0x06 - Apply new settings with no ACK/NACK reply										
	Defaul	Default values:										
		Soft Iron Compensation Matrix: (identity matrix; row order): [1,0,0][0,1,0][0,0,1]										
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field D	ata						
Command	0x27		0x3B		float - n float - n	n _{2,1} float	elector - m _{1,2} float - m _{1,3} - m _{2,2} float - m _{2,3} - m _{3,2} float - m _{3,3}					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				ommand descriptor (0: ACK, non-zero: NACk	()				
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x26		0x9D)	float - n	n _{2,1} float	- m _{1,2} float - m _{1,3} - m _{2,2} float - m _{2,3} - m _{3,2} float - m _{3,3}					
	Ν	/IP Pack	et Head	der		Comma	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command: Soft Iron Matrix	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x27	0x27	0x3B	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Comp Matrix: 0x3F800000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000	0xAD	0x59			



							0x3F800000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x3F800000		
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x12	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x3B Error code: 0x00	0x1A	0x20



4.2.1	4 Cor	ning an	d Scu	lling En	able (0x0	C, 0x3	E)		
	Coning	g and Sc	ulling C	ompensa	-	. For all fu	ation Enable. This func unctions except 0x01 (u		
Description		0x 0x 0x 0x	01 - App 02 - Rea 03 - Sav 04 - Loa 05 - Loa	ve current nd saved s nd factory		s startup : ngs	settings		
					•	•	compensation ompensation (default)		
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	riptor	Field Data	,			
Command	0x10		0x3E		U8 - Funct U8 - New (tor nd Sculling enable settir	ng	
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACK)		
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x03		0x9E		U8 - Curre	nt Coninț	g and Sculling enable se	etting	
	ſ	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		Commar	nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command: Enable Settings	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0x3E	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01	0x2E	0x94
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x38 Error code: 0x00	0x1D	0x26
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	commai	nd: "756	5 0C04 0	43E 0101 2E	Ξ <i>9</i> 4"	·		-



4.2.1	5 UA	RT Ba	ud Ra	te (0x0C	c, 0x40)				
		-					ommunication channel (UA v baud rate value is ignored		or all
Description		0) 0) 0) 0) 0) 0)	 <01 - Ap <02 - Re <03 - Sa <04 - Lo <05 - Re ud rates 	ad saved s eset to fact are:	ettings urrent set settings startup se ory defau	as startu ttings It setting			
	Δ						0, 460800, 921600		
Notes	secon	The ACK/NACK packet is sent at the current baud rate and then there is a 0.25 second delay before the device will respond to commands at the new BAUD rate.							
Field Format	Field L	ength	Fiel Des	ld scriptor	Field L	Data			
Command	0x07		0x4	0		unction ew bau	selector 1 rate		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF	1			command descriptor e (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)	
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x06		0x8	7	U8 - C	urrent b	aud rate		
	Ν	VIP Pac	ket Hea	der		Comm	and/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command: Set Baud Rate	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x07	0x07	0x40	Fctn (USE): 0x01 Baud (115200): 0x0001C200	0xF8	0xDA
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x40 Error code: 0x00	0x1F	0x2A
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comma	nd: "75	65 0C07 07	740 0100	01C2 00	F8 DA"		

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4.2.1	6 Advanced	I Low-Pass I	Filter Settings (0x0C, 0x50)							
	Advanced cor	figuration for lo	w-pass filter settings.							
	which is config decimation fac quantity basis be configured	gured with a -3d ctor in the IMU I . This advanced	e by default filtered through a single-pole IIR low-pass filter IB cutoff frequency of half the reporting frequency (set by Message Format command) to prevent aliasing on a per data d configuration command allows for the cutoff frequency to of the data reporting frequency as well as allowing for a com- pass filter.							
	Possible function selector values: 0x01 - Apply new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings									
			d startup settings actory default settings							
	Possible data descriptors:									
Description	0x04 - Scaled accel data 0x05 - Scaled gyro data 0x06 - Scaled mag data 0x17 - Scaled pressure data									
	Possible filter enable values:									
	0x01 - Apply low-pass filter 0x00 - Do not apply low-pass filter									
	Manual filter bandwidth configuration:									
	0x01 - Use user specified -3 dB cutoff frequency 0x00 - Automatically configure -3 dB cutoff frequency to half reporting rate									
	-3 dB Cutoff F	requency:								
	**		y value specified must be no greater than 250 Hz. A write command is ignored if Automatic Bandwidth is							
	Reserved Byt	e:								
	This byte is reserved for internal use and should be left in the $0x00$ state									
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data							



Command	0x09 0x50		U8 - Function selector U8 - Data Descriptor U8 - Low-Pass Filter Enable/Disable U8 - Manual/Auto -3 dB Cutoff Frequency Configuration U163 dB Cutoff Frequency U8 - Reserved Byte								
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1					and descriptor CK, non-zero: NACK)			
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x08		0x8B		U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK) U8 - Data Descriptor U8 - Filter (0x01: Enabled, 0x00: Disabled) U8 - Cutoff Frequency (0x00: Auto, 0x01: Manual U163 dB Cutoff Frequency Hz U8 - Reserved				nual)	al)	
	I	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		(Commar	nd/Reply Fields	Checksum		
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Paylo. Leng		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	nual)	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0	9	0x09	0x50	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Scaled Accel: 0x04 Enable Filter: 0x01 Automatic Cutoff Ox00 Configuration: -3dB Cutoff Frequency (ignored for 0x0000 automatic cutoff configuration) Reserved: 0x00	0x4C	0x6D	
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0	4	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x50 Error code: 0x00	0x2F	0x4A	
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C09 0950 0104 0100 0000 004E 80"											



4.2.1	7 Compleme	entary Filter S	Settings (0x0C, 0x51)								
		Configuration for the AHRS complementary filter. The Complementary Filter data outputs are supported in the IMU/AHRS Data set (0x80) to provide compatibility with the 3DM-GX3.									
Description	0xi 0xi 0xi 0xi 0xi 0xi 0xi 0xi	04 - Load saved a 05 - Reset to fac rth compensation 00 - Disable	ttings current settings t settings as startup settings startup settings tory default settings n enable values:								
		01 - Enable (defa orth compensatio	on time constants:								
			efault = 10 seconds								
	Values outside	of the specified	range for up/north compensation will be NACK'd.								
Notes	and North) that culated using the provides drop-it recommended	are independent he same algorith n compatibility th that you transitic	er provides attitude outputs (Matrix, Euler, Quaternion, Up, t of the Estimation Filter outputs. The CF outputs are cal- m as the 3DM-GX5 series of Inertial Devices. This hat duplicates the performance of the 3DM-GX5. It is highly on to the EF outputs as they will provide better performance gher grade devices such as the 3DM-RQ1.								
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data								
Command	0x0D	0x51	U8 - Function selector U8 - Up compensation enable U8 - North compensation enable float - Up compensation time constant (sec) float - North compensation time constant (sec) U8 - echo the command descriptor U8 - error code (0:ACK, not 0:NACK)								
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1	U8 - echo the command descriptor U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0C	0x97	U8 - Up compensation enable U8 - North compensation enable								



				float - Up compensation time constant (sec) float - North compensation time constant (sec					
	١	MIP Pacl	Packet Header Command/Reply Fields				nd/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x0D	0x0D	0x51	Fctn Selector 0x01 (Write): 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Compensation 0x01 Enable: Up Compensation 5.0 Time Constant: (sec) North Compensation Time 5.0 Constant: (sec)	0xXX	0xXX
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x51 Error code: 0x00	0x	0x
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C09 0951 0104 0100 0000 00"									



4.2.1	8 Devi	ce Status (0)x0C, 0>	(64)						
Description	Get the	e device-speci	fic status	for the 3DM-GX5-25.						
	The rep meters GX5-2	e one of two se oly data for this in the comma 5 is always = 6	electable f s commar Ind. The fi 6253 (0x18	ACK" and "Device Status Field". The ormats - basic and diagnostic. Ind is device specific. The reply is sp rst parameter is the model number 36D)). That is followed by a status succure returned. In the case of the 3	pecified (which selecto	l by two para- for the 3DM- r byte which				
Notes	two se extens and sp	etermines the type of data structure returned. In the case of the 3DM-GX5-25, there are to selector values - one to return a basic status structure and a second to return an strensive diagnostics status structure. A list of available values for the selector values and specific fields in the data structure are as follows: cossible Status Selector Values: 0x01 - Basic Status Structure 0x02 - Diagnostic Status Structure								
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Da	ita						
Command	0x02	0x64	1	vice Model Number: set = 6253 (0x us Selector	186D)					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1		o the command byte or code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units				
Reply Field 2: Basic Device	0x0F	0x90	0	Echo of the Device Model Num- ber	U16	N/A				
Status Field		0,90	2	Echo of the selector byte	U8	N/A				
			3	Status Flags (Reserved)	U32	N/A				
			9	System Timer (since start-up)	U32	millisecond				
Dente 51112		Binary Offset Description Data Type Units								
<i>Reply Field 2: Diagnostic Device Status</i>	0x56	0x90	0	Echo of the Device Model Num- ber	U16	N/A				
Field			2	Echo of the selector byte	U8	N/A				
			3	Status Flags (Reserved)	U32	N/A				



				9	System -	nce start-up)	U32	millisecond		
				11	Number	of 1PPS	Pulses	U32	Count	
				15	Last 1PP	S (Syste	em Timer)	U32	milliseco	onds
				19	IMU Stre	am Enat	bled	U8	1 - on 0 - off	
				20	Estimation Enabled	on Filter S	Stream	U8	1 - on 0 - off	
				21	Outgoing Packet C		eam Dropped	U32	count	
				25			ion Filter Packet Count	U32	count	
				29	Number of port	of bytes	written to com	U32	count	
				33	Number of port	of bytes	read from com	U32	count	
				37	Number of ing to cor		ns when writ-	U32	count	
				41	Number of ing from of		ns when read-	U32	count	
				45	Number of port	of bytes v	written to USB	U32	count	
				49	Number o USB port		read from	U32	count	
				53	Number of ing to US		ns when writ-	U32	count	
				57	Number of ing from I		ns when read- t	U32	count	
				61	Number of ing errors		essage pars-	U32	count	
				65	Total IMU	J messa	ges read	U32	count	
				69	Last IMU message read (Sys- tem Timer) U32 millis			milliseco	ond	
	Ν	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		Comma	nd/Reply Fields		Chec	ksum
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Da	ta	MSB	LSB



Command: Get Device Status (return Basic Status structure: selector = 1)	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x05	0x05	0x64	Model # (6253): 0x186D Staus selector (basic status): 0x01	0x	0x
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x15	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x64 Error code: 0x00		
Reply Field 2: Device Status (Basic Status structure)					0x0D	0x90	Echo Model #: 0x186D Echo selector: 0x01 Additonal data: 	0x##	0x##
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0C05 0564 186D 01DA 83"									



4.3 Estimation Filter Commands

The 3DM command set is common to the LORD Sensing Inertial sensors that support the MIP packet protocol. Because of the unified set of commands, it is easy to migrate code from one inertial sensor to another.

4.3.1	Rese	et Filter	· (0)	٥D	, 0x01)					
Description	Reset	the filter	to th	ie ini	tialize state).				
Notes		the auto-initialization feature is disabled, the initial attitude or heading must be set in der to enter the run state after a reset.								
Field Format	Field L	I Length Field Field Data								
Command	0x02			0x(01	N/A				
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0xI	F1			nmand byte): ACK, non-zero: NAC	CK)	
		MIP Pac	cket l	Hea	der	C	command	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De: Se		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x(0D	0x02	0x02	0x01		0xEC	0xF6
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	x75 0x65 0x0D 0x04 0x04 0xF1 Command echo: 0x01 Error code: 0x00 0xE1 0xB2								
Copy-Paste versi	Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D02 0201 ECF6"									



4.3.2	Set Ir	nitial At	titude	(0x0D,	0x02)						
	Set the initial attitude.										
Description	This command can only be issued in the "INIT" state and should be used with a good estimate of the vehicle attitude. The Euler Angles are the sensor body frame with respect to the local NED frame.										
Description	The valid input ranges are as follows:										
	Roll: [-п, п] Pitch: [-п/2, п/2] Yaw: [-п, п]										
Field Format	Field Le	Field Length Field Descriptor			Field Data						
Command	0x0E		0x02		Float - Roll (radians) Float - Pitch (radians) Float - Heading (radians)						
Reply Field : ACK/ NACK	0x04	0x04 0xF1			U8 - echo the command byte U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
	MIP Packet Header				Command/Reply Fields Che				cksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0E	0x0E	0x02	Roll: 0x00000000 (0.0f) Pitch: 0x00000000 (0.0f) Heading: 0x00000000 (0x0f)	0x05	0x6F		
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x02 Error code: 0x00	0xE2	0xB4		
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D0E0E02 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000									F"		



4.3.3 Set Initial Heading (0x0D, 0x03)												
Description	Set the initial heading angle. This command can only be issued in the "INIT" state and should be used with a good estimation of Heading. The device will use this value in conjunction with the output of the accelerometers to determine the initial attitude estimate. The Euler Angles are the sensor body frame with respect to the local NED frame. The valid input range for heading is [-n, n].											
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Descriptor		Field Data							
Command	0x06		0x03		Float - Heading (radians)							
Reply Field : ACK/ NACK	0x04 0xF1			U8 - Echo the command byte U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
		MIP Pack	ket Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields			Chec	Checksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x06	0x06	0x03	Heading: 0x00000000 (0x0f)	0xF6	0xE4			
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x03 Error code: 0x00	0xE3	0xB6			
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D06 0603 0000 0000 F6E4"												



4.3.4 Set Initial Attitude with Magnetometer (0x0D, 0x04)													
Description	Set the initial attitude using the embedded magnetometer.												
Notes	magne local n Spec	This command can only be issued in the "INIT" state. The device will use the on-board magnetometer to initialize the attitude. The user may supply a declination angle for the local magnet field conditions Special Note: In the presence of significant magnetic interference, the magnetometer heading value can be wildly off, causing the filter to initialize improperly.											
Field Format	Field Length			Field Descriptor		Field Data							
Command	0x06	;			04	Float - Declination Angle (radians)							
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0xF	=1	U8 - Echo the command byte U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)							
		MIP Pac	cket I	Head	der	С	command	d/Reply Fields	Chec	Checksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De: Se		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x(D	0x06	0x06	0x04	Declination: 0x00000000 (0.0f)	0xF7	0xE9			
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x04 Error code: 0x00	0xE4	0xB8			
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D06 0604 0000 0000 F7E9"													



4.3.5	Sensor to Ve	ehicle Frame ⁻	Transformation (0x0D, 0x11)					
	Set the sensor to angles.	o vehicle frame tr	ansformation matrix using Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Euler					
	-		from the sensor body frame to the fixed vehicle frame. bry of Operation for more information.					
	Possible functio	n selector values	:					
	0x0	1 - Use new setti	ngs					
	0x0	2 - Read back cu	rrent settings.					
	0x0	3 - Save current s	settings as startup settings					
		4 - Load saved st						
	0x0	5 - Reset to facto	ry default settings					
	This transformat	tion affects the fo	llowing output quantities:					
Description	IMU	l:						
	Sca	led Acceleration						
	Sca	led Gyro						
		aled Magnetometer						
		Ita Theta						
	Delt	Ita Velocity						
	Esti	mation Filter:						
	Esti	mated Orientatio	n, Quaternion					
	Esti	mated Orientatio	n, Matrix					
	Esti	mated Orientatio	n, Euler Angles					
	Esti	mated Linear Aco	celeration					
		mated Angular R						
	Esti	mated Gravity Ve	ector					
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data					
Command	0x0F	0x11	U8 - Function Selector Float - Roll Angle (radians) Float - Pitch Angle (radians) Float - Yaw Angle (radians)					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1	U8 - echo the command descriptor U8 - error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					



Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x81		Float - Ro Float - Pit Float - Ya	ch Angle	(radians)		
		MIP Pack	ket Hea	der	C	command	/Reply Fields	Checksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Field Field Data			MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x0F	0x11	Fctn (Apply): Roll: 0x00000000 (0.0f) Pitch: 0x00000000 Yaw: 0x00000000 (0x0f)	0x17	0x72
Reply Field : ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x11 Error code: 0x00	0xF1	0xD2
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "7565	5 0D0F 0F1	1 0100 00	00 0000 (0000 0000 0000 0017 7	2"	



4.3.6	Estin	nation	Contro	ol Flags ((0x0D, 0)	(14)			
	Contro	ls which	parame	eters are es	timated by	the Kalm	an Filter.		
	Possib	ole functio	on selec	ctor values:	1				
Description	Availal Examp	0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(02 - Rea 03 - Sav 04 - Loa 05 - Res : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	e current s d saved sta et to factor nable Gyrc nable Harc nable Soft	ettings as s ettings as s artup settin ny default s b Bias Estir I Iron Auto	startup se gs ettings nation (R Calibratio Calibratio	ettings ecommended) on (Optional) n (Optional)		
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Dat	а			
Command	0x05		0x14		U8 - Func U16 - Est		ctor Control Flags		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACI	K)	
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x04		0x84		U16 - Est	imation (Control Flags		
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	I/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command:	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x05	0x05	0x14	Fctn (Apply): 0xFFFF Flags: (enable all states)	0x04	0x27
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x14 Error code: 0x00	0xF4	0xD8
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0D05 051	14 01FF FF	04 27"	1		J



4.3.7	Head	ling Up	date (Control ((0x0D, 0x	18)			
	Select	the sour	ce for ai	ding headii	ng updates	to the Ka	lman Filter.		
	Possil	ole functi	on selec	ctor values.					
Description	Possil	0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(0x(02 - Rea 03 - Sav 04 - Loa 05 - Res <i>e Optiol</i> 00 - No I	e current s d saved sta et to factor <i>n values:</i> heading aic	rent setting ettings as s artup setting y default so	startup se gs ettings	ttings heading updates		
Notes									
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data	Э			
Command	0x04		0x18		U8 - Func U8 - Enab		ctor		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACł	۲)	
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x03		0x87		U8 - Enab	le Flag			
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	С	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0x18	Apply: 0x01 Enable: 0x01	0x09	0x28
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x18 Error code: 0x00	0xF8	0xE0
	Сору	/-Paste v	ersion o	of the com	mand: "756	5 0D04 04	418 0101 0928"		



4.3.8	B Exte	rnal He	eading	Upda	nte ((0x0D, 0)	x17)			
	Trigge	r a filter	update s	tep usi	ng e	xternal hea	ading info	rmation.		
	The h	eading	must be	e the se	ensc	or frame w	vith respe	ect to the NED frame		
Description		• •						this command to upd for this message is 2		ilter; it
·	Angle	uncertai	nties of	0.0 will	be N	IACK'd.				
	Possit	ble Head				ls:				
			:01 - True :02 - Mag		•	ling**				
Notes		tru • Or	ue head	ing up	date , if th	es will be N ne declinati	IACK'd.	e (0x0D, 0x43) is not v e is invalid, magnetic		9
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Descrij	otor	Fie	eld Data				
Command	0x0B		0x17		Flo	oat - Headii	ng Angle	(radians, true north, +- Uncertainty (radians, true, 2 - magnetic)	,)
Reply Field : ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1			- Echo the - Error coo		nd byte K, non-zero: NACK)		
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	lder	1	C	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Paylo Leng		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0	в	0x0B	0x17	Angle: 0.1f Angle 0.1f Sigma: Heading 0x01 Type: (True)	0xXX	0xXX
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0	4	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x17 Error code: 0x00	0xF7	0xDE
Copy-Paste vers	ion of the	commai	nd: N/A	,				·		,



4.3.9	Exte	rnal He	eading	Upda	ite v	vith Time	estamp	(0x0D, 0x1F)			
		r a filter u ic GPS T	•	tep usi	ng e>	kternal hea	iding info	rmation that is time-tag	gged wit	ha	
Description	in appl signific cessin	ications cant erro ig time re	where th r in the a equired f	he vehi applied or the c	cle h mea: comn	eading exp surement o nand. Accu	periences due to the urate time	ate (0x0D, 0x17) and s high angular rate, whi sampling, transmissio s-stamping of the head e is 20 Hz.	ch may on, and j	cause pro-	
	Angle	uncertaiı	nties of (0.0 will	be N	IACK'd.					
	Possit	ole Head	ing Type	e Comn	nand	s:					
			01 - True 02 - Mag		•	ing*					
	The h	eading	must be	e the se	enso	or frame w	ith respe	ect to the NED frame.			
Notes		 On the -25 model, if the declination source (0x0D, 0x43) is not valid, true heading updates will be NACK'd. 									
		 On the -45 model, if the declination source is invalid, magnetic heading updates will be NACK'd. 									
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Descrip	otor	Fie	ld Data					
Command	0x15		0x1F		U1 Flo Flo	6 - GNSS v at - Headir at - Headir	week nur ng Angle ng Angle	(time-of-week, second nber (radians, true north, +- Uncertainty (radians, 1 true, 2 - magnetic)	PI)		
Reply Field : ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1					nd descriptor K, non-zero: NACK)			
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	ider		C	ommand	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Paylo Leng		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x1	5	0x15	0x1F	GNSS TOW: 30,000.0 GNSS Week Number: Angle: (0.01f) Angle Sigma: (0.01f) Heading 0x01 Type: (True)	0xXX	0xXX	



Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo Cmd: 0x01 Error Code: 0x00	0xFF	0xEE
Copy-Paste version	on of the	comman	d: N/A						



4.3.1	0 Set	Refere	ence	e Po	osition (0	x0D, 0x2	26)				
			-		erence posi tor values:	tion for the	e sensor.				
Description		Ox Ox Ox Ox Ox	01 - U 02 - F 03 - S 04 - L 05 - F	Jse Read Save Load Reso	new setting d back curre e current se d saved star et to factory	ent setting ttings as s tup setting default se	tartup se gs ettings	ettings GS84 gravity and WMI	W2015 n	nag-	
Field Format		Tield Length Field Field Data				Field					
Command	0x01C	(28)		0x:		Double -	ble (0 - d Latitude Longitud	isable, 1 - enable) (decimal degrees) le (decimal degrees)			
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0x	F1			mmand descriptor): ACK, non-zero: NAC	CK)		
Reply Field 2: (function = 2)	0x1B (2	27)		0x!	90	Double -	Latitude Longitud	isable, 1 - enable) (decimal degrees) le (decimal degrees) (meters)			
		MIP Pac	cket l	Hea	der	С	ommand	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De: Se		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x()D	0x1C	0x1C	0x26	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Latitude (deg): (44.437f) Longitude (deg): (- 73.106) Altitude (m): (155.0f)	0xXX	0xXX	
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x26 Error code: 0x00	0x06	0xFC	



4.3.1	1 Ena	able/Dis	sabl	le M	leasuren	nents (0)	x0D, 0x	:41)		
Description	Allows	s users to	o con	trol	accelerome	eter and ma	agnetome	eter measurement upda	ates.	
Notes		Possible function selector values: 0x01 - Use new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings Possible control bitfield values: Bit 0 (0x0000001) - Accelerometer Measurements (1 - enable, 0 - disable) Bit 1 (0x00000010) - Magnetometer Measurements (1 - enable, 0 - disable)								
Field Format	Field Le	d Length Field Descriptor				Field Dat	ta			
Command	0x05			0x4	41	U8 - Fun U16 - Co				
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04			0xI	=1			nmand descriptor : ACK, non-zero: NAC	K)	
Reply Field 2: (function = 2)	0x04			0xl	30	U16 - Co	ontrol Bitf	ield		
		MIP Pac	cket l	Hea	der	C	command	I/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	De. Si		Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x(0D	0x05	0x05	0x41	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X:0x0003 (Enable Accel/Mag measurements)	0x36	0xE1
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x(0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Command echo: 0x41 Error code: 0x00	0x21	0xB2
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	nd: "7	7565	0D05 0541	0100 0336	6E1"		1	1



4.3.12	2 Pito	:h/Roll	Aiding	Control	(0x0D, ()x4B)					
	inertial	•	. Aiding	inputs are		-	ys derived from GNSS t solution during perioc				
	Possil	ble functi	on selec	ctor values.	:						
		0x0	01 - Use	e new settir	ngs						
				ad back cur re current s			ottingo				
Description				d saved sta	-		stangs				
		0x0)5 - Res	set to facto	y default s	ettings					
	Possil	Possible altitude aiding selector values:									
		0x00 - No pitch/roll aiding (disable)									
		0x01 - Enable gravity vector aiding									
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Dat	а					
Command	0x05		0x4B	5	U8 - Func U8 - Aidir		ctor able, 1 - Enable)				
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACI	<)			
Reply Field : Function = 2	0x03		0xBE	3	U8 - Aidir	ng Selecto	or Value				
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0x4B	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01	0x3C	0xC1		
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x47 Error code: 0x00	0xB9	0xF0		
Copy-Paste version	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0D04 044	IB 0101 3C	C1 "			,		



4.3.1	3 Aut	o-Initia	lizatio	n Contro	l (0x0D,	0x19)						
	Enable	/Disable	automa	atic initializ	ation upon	device st	artup.					
	Possib	le functio	on selec	ctor values:								
				e new settir	-							
Description				e current s	-		ettings					
				d saved sta	•	-						
	Dessil	0x05 - Reset to factory default settings Possible enable values:										
		Possible enable values:										
		0x00 - Disable auto-initialization 0x01 - Enable auto-initialization (requires valid heading source)										
		Even if this option is enabled, the filter will not initialize if there is no										
Notes		 Even if this option is enabled, the filter will not initialize if there is no heading source. If there is no heading source, you can initialize the filter 										
		using the Set Initial Heading command or Set Initial Attitude command.										
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data	а						
Command	0x04		0x19		U8 - Func U8 - Enab		ctor					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACk	()				
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x03		0x88		U8 - Enab	le Value						
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	l/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
							Fctn (Apply):					
Command:	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0x19	0x01 (Enable Enable: auto- initialization)	0x0A	0x2B			
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x19 Error code: 0x00	0xF9	0xE2			
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0D04 041	9 0101 0A2	2B"						



4.3.1	4 Ma	gnetom	eter N	loise Sta	ndard De	eviation	(0x0D, 0x42)					
	Set the	e expecte	ed magn	etometer n	oise 1-sign	na values						
	This fu	unction c	an be us	sed to tune	the filter pe	erformanc	e in the target applicat	ion.				
	Possib	ole functio	on selec	tor values:								
				new settir	ngs rent setting	s						
Description		0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings										
		0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings										
	Each c	Each of the noise values must be greater than 0.0										
	Chang tune th	ach of the noise values must be greater than 0.0 The noise value represents process noise in the 3DM-GX5 NAV Estimation Filter. Changing this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to cune the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most labor- atory conditions.										
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data							
Command	0x0F		0x42		U8 - Function Selector Float - X Mag Noise 1-sigma (gauss) Float - Y Mag Noise 1-sigma (gauss) Float - Z Mag Noise 1-sigma (gauss)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACk	()				
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0xB1		Float - Y N	/lag Noise	e 1-sigma (gauss) e 1-sigma (gauss) e 1-sigma (gauss)					
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	//Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x0F	0x42	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X: (0.02f) Y: (0.02f) Z: (0.02f)	0x	0x			
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x42 Error code: 0x00	0x22	0x34			
Copy-Paste vers	ion of the	comman	d: N/A	·	·	·	·					



4.3.15 Gravity Noise Standard Deviation (0x0D, 0x28)											
		•	-	y noise 1-s et applicati	-	s. This fu	nction can be used to t	une the	filter		
	Each c	of the nois	se value	s must be	t be greater than 0.0						
Description	the filte	The noise value represents process noise in the EKF. Changing this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to tune the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most laboratory conditions.									
Description	Possib	ole functio	on selec	tor values:							
				new settir	-						
					rent settings		tingo				
					ettings as s artup setting	•	ungs				
					y default se						
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor			Field Data	Field Data						
Command	0x05		0x28		Float - Y G	tor ise 1-sigma (g) ise 1-sigma (g) ise 1-sigma (g)					
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1			U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x04		0x93		Float - X Gravity Noise 1-sigma (g) Float - Y Gravity Noise 1-sigma (g) Float - Z Gravity Noise 1-sigma (g)						
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x05	0x05		Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X: (0.01f) Y: (0.01f) Z: (0.01f)	0x	0x		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x28 Error code: 0x00	0x	0x		



4.3.1	6 Pre	ssure A	Altitud	e Noise (Standard	l Deviat	tion (0x0D, 0x29)			
		•	•		e noise 1-s arget appli	-	ies. This function can l	be used	to	
	Each o	of the nois	se value	es must be	greater tha	an 0.0				
Description	increa: will be tude. [The noise value represents pressure altitude model noise in the EKF. A lower value will increase responsiveness of the sensor to pressure changes, however height estimates will be more susceptible to error from air pressure fluctuations not due to changes in altitude. Default values provide good performance for most laboratory conditions. Possible function selector values:								
		0x01 - Use new settings								
		0x02 - Read back current settings								
		0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings								
		0x05 - Reset to factory default settings								
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data	Э				
Command	0x05		0x29		U8 - Func Float - Pre		ctor titude Noise 1-sigma (i	m)		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x04		0x94		Float - Pre	essure Ali	titude Noise 1-sigma (i	m)		
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x05	0x05	0x29	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Press. Altitude Noise: (1.0f)	0xDE	0x4E	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x29 Error code: 0x00	0x97	0xAC	



4.3.1	7 Acc	Accelerometer Noise Standard Deviation (0x0D, 0x1A)								
		•				oise 1-sig applicatio		es. This function can b	e used to	tune
	Possit	ole functi	on selec	ctor valu	les:					
			01 - Use			-				
		0x02 - Read back current settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings								
Description						rtup setti		Jottingo		
		0x05 - Reset to factory default settings								
	Each o	Each of the noise values must be greater than 0.0								
	Chang tune th	The noise value represents process noise in the 3DM-GX5 NAV Estimation Filter. Changing this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to tune the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most labor- atory conditions.								
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor			ptor	Fie	eld Data				
Command	0x0F		0x1A		Flo Flo Flo U8	oat - Y Ac oat - Z Ac - echo th	cel Noise cel Noise cel Noise e comma	or e 1-sigma (meters/sec e 1-sigma (meters/sec e 1-sigma (meters/sec and descriptor CK, not 0:NACK)	ond^2)	
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1					and descriptor CK, non-zero: NACK)		
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x89		Flo	oat - Y Ac	cel Noise	e 1-sigma (meters/sec e 1-sigma (meters/sec e 1-sigma (meters/sec	ond^2)	
	ſ	MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		C	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payloa Lengt		Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	:	0x0F	0x1A	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X: (0.02f) Y: (0.02f) Z: (0.02f)	0x60	0xA3
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	•	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x1A Error code: 0x00	0xFA	0xE4



Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D0F 0F01 1A013CA3D70A3CA3D70A3CA3D760A3"



4.3.18 Gyroscope Noise Standard Deviation (0x0D, 0x1B)											
		•		•	e 1-sigma v the filter pe		ce in the target applica	tion.			
	Possib	le functio	on selec	tor values	:						
				new settin	-						
					rent setting ettings as	-	ettinas				
Description					artup settin	•					
		0x0)5 - Res	et to facto	ry default s	ettings					
	Each c	f the nois	se value	s must be	greater tha	an 0.0					
			•	•			I-GX5 NAV Estimation		ed to		
	tune th	hanging this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to the the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most labor-									
	atory c	onditions	i.								
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Data						
					U8 - Fund						
Command	0x0F		0x1B			•	se 1-sigma (rad/secon se 1-sigma (rad/secon				
					Float - Z Gyro Noise 1-sigma (rad/second)						
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)						
Reply Field 2:	0.05				Float - X Gyro Noise 1-sigma (rad/second)						
Function = 2	0x0E		0x8A				se 1-sigma (rad/secon se 1-sigma (rad/secon	,			
	I	MIP Pack	ket Hea	der	C	command	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
							Fctn (Apply): 0x01				
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x0F	0x1B	X: (0.0000539f) Y: (0.0000539f) Z: (0.0000539f)	0xDE	0xE8		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75 0x65 0x0D 0x04			0x04	04 0x04 0xF1 Echo cmd: 0x1B Error code: 0x00 0xFB 0xE6						
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D0F 0F1B 013A 0D4B AD3A 0D4B AD3A 0D4B ADDE E8"											



4.3.19	9 Gyr	oscope	Bias	Model I	Paramete	rs (0x0l	D, 0x1D)			
	Set the	egyrosco	ope bias	model pa	arameters.					
	Possib	ole functio	on selec	ctor value	es:					
				e new sett	-					
Description					urrent setting settings as s		ettinas			
					tartup setting					
		0x05 - Reset to factory default settings								
		Ea	ch of the	e noise va	alues must b	e greater	than 0.0			
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Data					
Command	0x1B	Dx1B 0x1E			Float - X Gy Float - Y Gy Float - Z Gy Float - X Gy Float - Y Gy	J8 - Function Selector Float - X Gyro Bias Beta (1/second) Float - Y Gyro Bias Beta (1/second) Float - Z Gyro Bias Beta (1/second) Float - X Gyro Bias Noise 1-sigma (rad /second) Float - Y Gyro Bias Noise 1-sigma (rad /second) Float - Z Gyro Bias Noise 1-sigma (rad /second)				
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				nand descriptor .CK, non-zero: NACK))		
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x1A		0x8C		Float - Y Gy Float - Z Gy Float - X Gy Float - Y Gy	ro Bias Be ro Bias Be ro Bias Ne ro Bias Ne	eta (1/second) eta (1/second) eta (1/second) oise 1-sigma (rad /seco oise 1-sigma (rad /seco oise 1-sigma (rad /seco	nd)		
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	С	command	I/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x1B	0x1D	Fctn (Apply): X Beta: (0.01f) Y Beta: (0.01f) Z Beta: (0.01f) X Noise: (0.00016f) Y Noise: (0.00016f) Z Noise: (0.00016f)	0xXX	0xXX	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x1D Error code: 0x00	0xFD	0xEA	
Copy-Paste version of the command: N/A										



4.3.20 Hard Iron Offset Process Noise (0x0D, 0x2B)										
	Set the	expecte	d hard i	ron offset ı	noise 1-sig	ma value	es.			
	This fu	nction ca	in be us	ed to tune	the filter p	erforman	ce in the target applica	tion.		
	Possib	le functio	on selec	tor values:	:					
		0x0)1 - Use	new settir	ngs					
		0x02 - Read back current settings. 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings								
					-		settings			
Description				d saved sta et to facto		-				
	Facho				-	-				
		Each of the noise values must be greater than 0.0								
	Chang tune th	The noise value represents process noise in the 3DM-GX5-25 NAV Estimation Filter. Changing this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to tune the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most laboratory conditions.								
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	riptor	Field Dat	a				
Command	0x0F		0x2B		Float - Y	HI Offse HI Offse	ector t Noise 1-sigma (gauss t Noise 1-sigma (gauss t Noise 1-sigma (gauss	5)		
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x96		Float - Y	HI Offse	t Noise 1-sigma (gauss t Noise 1-sigma (gauss t Noise 1-sigma (gauss	s)		
	Ν	MIP Pack	tet Hea	der	0	Comman	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x0F	0x2B	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X: (0.001f) Y: (0.001f) Z: (0.001f)	0xEB	0xD2	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75 0x65 0x0D 0x04				0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x2B Error code: 0x00	0x0B	0x06	
Copy-Paste version	on of the	comman	d:""7568	5 0D0F 0F2	2B 013A 8	312 6F3/	A 8312 6F3A 8312 6FE	B D2		



4.3.2	1 Soft Iron Matrix Process Noise (0x0D, 0x2C)									
	Set the	expecte	d hard i	ron offset	noise 1-sig	jma valu	es.			
	This fu	nction ca	in be us	ed to tune	the filter p	erformar	ce in the target applica	tion.		
	Possib	le functio	on selec	tor values	:					
Description		0x01 - Use new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings. 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings								
	Each c	f the nois	e value	s must be	greater th	an 0.0 (g	auss).			
	Chang tune th	The noise value represents process noise in the 3DM-GX5-25 NAV Estimation Filter. Changing this value modifies how the filter responds to dynamic input and can be used to cune the performance of the filter. Default values provide good performance for most labor- atory conditions.								
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	riptor	Field Da	ta				
Command	0x0F		0x2C		Float - m	1,1 Float 2,1 Float	ector - m _{1,2} Float - m _{1,3} - m _{2,2} Float - m _{2,3} - m _{3,2} Float - m _{3,3}			
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)					
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x0E		0x97		Float - m	2,1 Float	- m _{1,2} Float - m _{1,3} - m _{2,2} Float - m _{2,3} - m _{3,2} Float - m _{3,3}			
	N	/IP Pack	et Head	der	(Comman	d/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum	
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x0F	0x0F	0x2C	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X: (0.0001f) Y: (0.0001f) Z: (0.0001f)	0xF1	0x8C	
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x2C Error code: 0x00	0x9A	0xB2	



Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D27 272C 0138 D1B7 1738 D1B7 1751 8C

4.3.22 Zero Angular Rate Update Control (0x0D, 0x20)											
	Contro	ol the use	of zero	angular rat	e updates.						
Description	The ze	Possible function selector values: 0x01 - Use new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings The zero angular rate update is triggered when the scalar magnitude of the angular rate vector is equal-to or less than the threshold value. The device will NACK threshold values that are less than zero (i.e. negative.)									
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Data						
Command	0x08		0x20		U8 - Fund U8 - Enat Float -Thi	ole Value	(0 - disable, 1 - enable))			
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACk	()			
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x07		0x8E		U8 - Enable Value Float - ZUPT threshold (rad/s)						
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	Command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x08	0x08	0x20	Fctn (Apply): Enable: (Enable) Threshold: (0.0f)	0x19	0xC8		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x75 0x65 0x0D 0x04			0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x20 Error code: 0x00	0x00	0xF0		
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D08 0820 0101 00000000 19C8"											



4.3.2	3 Tar	e Orien	tation	(0x0D, (0x21)							
				current dev formation.	rice orientat	ion relativ	ve to the NED frame a	s the cu	rrent			
	This c format		is prov	ided as a c	onvenient w	vay to set	the sensor to vehicle	frame tra	ans-			
	Possit	ole functio	on selec	ctor values:								
		0x01 - Use new settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings										
Description	Possib	Possible axis bitfield values:										
		0x00 - Reset all axis 0x01 - Tare the roll axis 0x02 - Tare the pitch axis										
	Evom	0x04 - Tare the yaw axis Example Combinations:										
	0x03 - Tare the roll and pitch axis											
	0x07 - Tare all 3 axis											
		The filter an error w			and have a	valid atti	tude output. If the attit	ude is no	ot			
Notes		ter must l vill be retu		lized and h	ave a valid	attitude o	utput. If the attitude is	not valio	d, an			
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data	9						
Command	0x04		0x21		U8 - Func U8 - Tare							
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand descriptor ACK, non-zero: NACk	()				
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	C	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0x21	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 X:Beta: 0x07	0x18	0x49			



							(All axis)		
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x21 Error code: 0x00	0x	0x
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D04 0421 0107 1849"									

4.3.24 Commanded Zero-Angular Rate Update (0x0D, 0x23)											
Description	Perfor	m a comr	nanded	zero-angul	lar rate upd	ate.					
Notes	The m	aximum r	ate for	this messa	ge is 10 Hz						
Field Format	Field Length Field Descriptor				Field Data						
Command	0x02 0x				N/A						
Reply Field : ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1				mand byte ACK, non-zero: NACł	<)			
		MIP Pacl	ket Hea	der	Command/Reply Fields Check				ksum		
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x02	0x02	0x23		0x0E	0x18		
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75 0x65 0x0D 0x04			0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x23 Error code: 0x00	0x03	0xF6		
Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 0D02 0223 0E18"											

LORD SENSING MicroStrain

4.3.25	Declinat	tion Source	(0x0D, 0x43)								
	Set/Get t	the local declina	ation angle source.								
	device re	This can be used to correct for the difference in magnetic and true north. Normally, the device reports heading with-respect-to magnetic north, but when an accurate declin- ation angle is provided, the device will report heading with respect to true north.									
	Possible	function select	tor values:								
	Possible	0x02 - Read 0x03 - Save 0x04 - Load	new settings d back current settings. e current settings as startup settings saved startup settings et to factory default settings								
Description	Possible	0x01 - None									
			e d Magnetic Model (Default)								
		0x03 - Manual									
	Option de	Option description:									
		<i>None:</i> orientation information will be reported with respect to magnetic north. <i>World Magnetic Model:</i> The declination will be sourced from the device's internal world magnetic model.									
			e user provides the declination angle. The device does not								
		validate thi correct valu	s angle and it is therefore up to the user to select the ne.								
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data								
Command	0x08	0x43	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Declination Source Float - Manual Declination angle (radians, only required if source = Manual)								
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1	U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x07	0xB2	U8 - Declination Source Float - Declination angle (radians)								



Example		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der	С	Command/Reply Fields			
	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x08	0x08	0x43	Fctn 0x01 (Apply): 0x03 (Manual): 0x00000000 Angle: 0x00000000 (0.0f)	0x3E	0xC7
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x43 Error code: 0x00	0x23	0x36
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: N/A						



4.3.26	Inclinati	on Source (0x0D, 0x4C)							
	Set/Get t	he local inclina	tion angle source.							
	netic field performa	d. Having a corr nce of the auto-	ect for the local value of inclination (dip angle) of the earth mag- rect value for inclination (and declination) is important for best -mag calibration feature. If you do not have an accurate inclin- recommended that you leave the auto-mag calibration feature							
	Possible	Possible function selector values:								
Description		0x02 - Read 0x03 - Save 0x04 - Load 0x05 - Rese inclination sour 0x01 - None 0x02 - Worl 0x03 - Manu escription: <i>None:</i> No in <i>World Mag</i> device's inte <i>Manual:</i> The	 401 - Use new settings 402 - Read back current settings. 403 - Save current settings as startup settings 404 - Load saved startup settings 405 - Reset to factory default settings 405 - Reset to factory default settings 401 - None 402 - World Magnetic Model (Default) 403 - Manual 							
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data							
Command	0x08	0x4C	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Inclination Source Float - Manual Inclination angle (radians, only required if source = Manual)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1	U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)							
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x07	0xBC	U8 - Inclination Source Float - Inclination angle (radians)							



Example		MIP Pac	ket Hea	lder	C	Command/Reply Fields			
	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x08	0x08	0x4C	Fctn 0x01 (Apply): 0x01 Source 0x03 (Manual): 0x00000000 Angle: 0x00000000 (0.0f)	0x47	0x06
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x4C Error code: 0x00	0x2C	0x48
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: N/A				·		

4.3.27	Magnetic Field Magnitude Source (0x0D, 0x4D)
	Set/Get the local magnetic field magnitude source.
	This is used to specify the local magnitude of the earth's magnetic field. It is important for best performance of the auto-mag calibration feature and for the magnetometer adaptive magnitude. If you do not have an accurate value for the local magnetic field magnitude, it is recommended that you leave the auto-mag calibration feature off.
	Possible function selector values:
Description	0x01 - Use new settings 0x02 - Read back current settings. 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings 0x04 - Load saved startup settings 0x05 - Reset to factory default settings Possible magnetic field magnitude sources: 0x01 - None 0x02 - World Magnetic Model (Default) 0x03 - Manual Option description: None: A fixed value of 0.5 Gauss is used. World Magnetic Model: The magnitude will be sourced from the device's internal world magnetic model. Manual: The user provides the magnitude. The device does not constrain this value and it is therefore up to the user to select an accurate value.



Field Format	Field	Field Length Field Descriptor			Field	Field Data						
Command	0x08	0x08 0x4D L		U8 - Floa	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Magnetic Field Magnitude Source Float - Manual Magnitude (Gauss, only required if source = Manual)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK							d descriptor (, non-zero: NACK)					
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x07		0xBD			U8 - Inclination Source Float - Magnitude (Gauss)						
		MIP Pa	cket Hea	der		Command/Reply Fields Checksur						
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	· ·	load ngth	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x08		0x08	0x4D	Fctn 0x01 (Apply): 0x01 Source 0x03 (Manual): 0x3F000000 Angle: 0x3F000000 (0.0f)	0x87	0x09		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x	04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x4D Error code: 0x00	0x2D	0x4A		
Copy-Paste version	on of the	comma	nd: 7565	0D08	8 084D	0103 3F0	00 0000 8	709				



4.3.2	8 Gravity M	lagnitude E	rror Adaptive Measurement (0x0D, 0x44)						
			¹ magnitude error adaptive measurement feature. This func- filter performance in the target application.						
	Possible func	tion selector v	alues:						
	0 0 0	x03 - Save cur x04 - Load sav	r settings ck current settings. rent settings as startup settings red startup settings factory default settings						
	Possible ada	otive measurer	ment selector values:						
Description	0	x01 - Enable fi	tive measurement (disable) xed adaptive measurement (use specified limits) uto adaptive measurement ²						
	Filter and limit parameters (only used for enable option 1):								
	Pick values that give you the least occurrence of invalid EF attitude output. The default values are good for standard low vibration applications. Increase values for higher vibration conditions, lower values for lower vibration. Too low a value will result in excessive heading errors. Higher values increase pitch and roll errors when undergoing linear accelerations.								
	Adaptive measurements can be enabled/disabled without the need for providing the addi- tional parameters. In this case, only the function selector and enable value are required; all other parameters will remain at their previous values. When "auto-adaptive" is selected, the filter and limit parameters are ignored. Instead, aiding measurements which rely on the gravity vector will be automatically reweighted by the Kalman filter according to the per- ceived measurement quality.								
Notes	1. This comm urement."	and is also ref	erred to as "Accelerometer Magnitude Error Adaptive Meas-						
	2. Enable opt	ion 2 (auto-ada	ptive) is only available on 3DM-GX5 and later.						
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data						
Command	0x1C	0x44	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Disable/Fixed/Auto Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - Low Limit (meters/second ²) Float - High Limit (meters/second ²) Float - Low Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²)						



						Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1			U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)							
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x1B		0xB3		Float Float Float Float Float	U8 - Enable (0 - Disable, 1 - Enable) Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - Low Limit (meters/second ²) Float - High Limit (meters/second ²) Float - Low Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²) Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²)							
		MIP Pac	ket Hea	der		Command/Reply Fields			Checksum				
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set		/load ngth	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x1C		0x1C	0x44	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Freq (Hz): (1.0f) Low Limit: (-0.2f) High Limit: (0.2f) 1-sigma: 1 -sigma: (0.2f) Min 1-sigma: (0.004f)	-	-			
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0)	(04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x44 Error code: 0x00	0xB2	0xE2			



4.3.2 0x45)	9 Magneto	meter Magn	itude Error Adaptive Measurement (0x0D,								
	will reject mag	gnetometer rea	tometer magnitude error adaptive measurement. This feature dings that are out of range of the thresholds specified (fixed nally (auto-adaptive).								
	Possible function selector values:										
	o	x01-Use new	settings								
	0	x02 - Read bac	k current settings.								
	0	x03 - Save cur	rent settings as startup settings								
			ed startup settings								
	0	x05 - Reset to	factory default settings								
	Possible adap	otive measuren	nent selector values:								
	0	x00 - No adapt	ive measurement (disable)								
Description	0	x01 - Enable fix	ked adaptive measurement (use specified limits)								
Description	0	x02 - Enable au	uto adaptive measurement ¹								
	Filter and limi	and limit parameters (only used for enable option 1):									
	Pick values that give you the least occurrence of invalid EF attitude output. The default values are good for standard low dynamics applications. Increase values for higher dynamic conditions, lower values for lower dynamic. Too low a value will result in excess- ive heading errors. Higher values increase heading errors when undergoing magnetic field anomalies caused by DC currents, magnets, steel structures, etc.										
	Auto-adaptive measurements can be enabled without the need for providing the additional parameters. In this case, only the function selector and enable value are required; all other parameters will remain at their previous values. When "auto-adaptive" is selected, the filter and limit parameters are ignored. Instead, aiding measurements which rely on the magnetometers will be automatically re-weighted by the Kalman filter according to the perceived measurement quality.										
Notes	1. Enable valı	ue 2 (auto-adap	tive) is only available on 3DM- GX5 and later devices.								
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data								
Command	0x1C	0x45	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Disable/Fixed/Auto Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - Low Limit (meters/second ²) Float - High Limit (meters/second ²)								



					Float - Low Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²) Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (meters/second ²)								
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1			U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)							
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x1B 0xB4			Floa Floa Floa Floa Floa	U8 - Enable (0 - Disable, 1 - Enable) Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - Low Limit (Gauss) Float - High Limit (Gauss) Float - Low Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss) Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss)								
		MIP Pad	cket Hea	der		C	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum			
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payl Ler	load ngth	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB			
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x1C		0x1C	0x45	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Freq (Hz): (1.0f) Low Limit: (-0.2f) High Limit: (0.2f) 1-sigma: (0.2f) High Limit 1-sigma: (0.004f)	-	-			
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x	04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x45 Error code: 0x00	0xB3	0xE4			



4.3.3 0x46)	-	neter Dip Ang	gle Error Adaptive Measurement (0x0D,							
			meter magnitude error adaptive measurement. This feature ngs that are out of range of the thresholds specified ¹ .							
	Possible functi	ion selector valu	ies:							
	0x 0x 0x	03 - Save currer 04 - Load saved	ettings current settings. nt settings as startup settings startup settings ctory default settings							
Description	Possible adapt	ive enable optic	ns:							
			e measurement (disable) d adaptive measurement (use specified limits)							
	Filter and limit parameters:									
	Pick values that give you the least occurrence of invalid EF attitude output. The or values are good for standard low dynamics applications. Increase values for high dynamic conditions, lower values for lower dynamic. Too low a value will result in ive heading errors. Higher values increase heading errors when undergoing magn anomalies caused by DC currents, magnets, steel structures, etc.									
Notes	-		e adaptive measurement is ignored if the auto-adaptive mag- daptive accel magnitude options are selected.							
Field Format	Field Length	Field Descriptor	Field Data							
Command	0x14	0x46	U8 - Function Selector U8 - Enable (0 - Disable, 1 - Enable) Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - High Limit (Radians) Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss)							
Reply Field 1: ACK/ NACK	0x04	0xF1	U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)							
Reply Field 2: Function = 2	0x13	0xB5	U8 - Enable (0 - Disable, 1 - Enable) Float - Low-pass filter cutoff frequency (Hz) Float - High Limit (Radians) Float - High Limit Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss) Float - Minimum Uncertainty, 1-Sigma (Gauss)							



Example		MIP Pac	ket Hea	lder	C	Checksum			
	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x14	0x14	0x46	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Enable: 0x01 Freq (Hz) (10.0f) High Limit (rad): (0.3f) High Limit 1-sigma: (0.2f) Min 1-sigma: (0.01f)	-	-
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x46 Error code: 0x00	0xB4	0xE6



4.3.3	4.3.31 Magnetometer Capture Auto Calibration (0x0D, 0x27)												
Description	fixed h soft irc This m	This command captures the current value of the auto-calibration, applies it to the current fixed hard and soft iron calibration coefficients, and replaces the current fixed hard and soft iron calibration coefficients with the new values. This may be used in place of (or in addition to) a manual hard and soft iron calibration utility such as <i>MIP Iron Calibration</i> . This command also resets the auto-calibration coefficients.											
	Functi	Function selector values:											
		0x01 - Capture and use new settings 0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings ¹											
Notes		1. This is the same as issuing the 0x0C, 0x3A and 0x0C, 0x3B commands with the "0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings" function selector.											
Field Format	Field Le	ength	Field Desc	criptor	Field Data								
Command	0x27		0x27		U8 - Function Selector								
Reply Field: ACK/ NACK	0x04		0xF1		U8 - Echo the command descriptor U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)								
		MIP Pacl	ket Hea	ıder	С	command	/Reply Fields	Chec	ksum				
Example	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB				
Command	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x02	0x02	0x27	Selector: 01	0x15	0x36				
Reply Field: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0D	0x04	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x27 Error code: 0x00	0x95	0xA8				
Copy-Paste versi	on of the	comman	d: "756	5 0D03 032	27 0115 36"			•					



4.4 System Commands

The System Command set provides a set of advanced commands that are specific to devices such as the 3DM-GX5-25 that have multiple intelligent internal sensor blocks. These commands allow special mode such as talking directly to the native protocols of the embedded sensor blocks. For example, with the 3DM-GX5-25, you may switch into a mode that talks directly to another LORD Sensing Inertial Sensor with an internal IMU.

4.4.1	4.4.1 Communication Mode (0x7F, 0x10)			
Advanced				
Description	Advanced specialized communication modes.			
	This will change the communications protocol to and from "Estimation Filter" mode to "Sensor Direct" (MIP IMU protocol for the 3DM-GX5-25). This command is always active, even when switched to the direct modes. This command responds with an ACK/NACK just prior to switching to the new protocol. For all functions except 0x01 (use new set- tings), the new communications mode value is ignored.			
	Possible function selector values: 0x01 - Apply new settings			
	0x02 - Read back current settings			
	0x03 - Save current settings as startup settings			
	0x04 - Load saved startup settings			
	0x05 - Reset to factory default settings			
	Possible Communications Modes:			
		Value	Mode	Protocol(s)
		0x01	Standard	3DM-GX5-25 MIP Packet (default)
		0x02	Sensor Direct	MIP IMU
		0x03	GNSS Direct	NMEA, UBX (GNSS Models only)
Notes	IMPORTANT: GNSS message settings are automatically reloaded when switching from direct modes back into standard mode. Note: Switching to and from GNSS Direct Mode takes longer than most commands to complete due to the amount of GNSS setup data that needs to be stored/retrieved.			
Field Format	Field Length		Field Descriptor	Field Data
Command	0x04		0x10	U8 - Function selector U8 - New Communications Mode



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0x04 0xF1						•			
0x03	3 0x90 U8 - Current Communications Mode								
Example MIP Packet Header Co				Commar	d/Reply Fields Checksum				
Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Field Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB	
0x75	0x65	0x7F	0x04	0x04	0x10	x10 Fctn (USE): 0x01 New mode (IMU direct): 0x02		0xBD	
0x75	0x65	0x7F	0x04	0x04 0xF1 Echo cmd: 0x10 Error code: 0x00 0x62 0x70					
	0x03 Sync1 0x75	0x03 MIP Pac Sync1 Sync2 0x75 0x65	0x03 0x90 0x1P Packet Heat Sync1 Sync2 0x75 0x65 0x76	Image: organization of the state o	0x04 $0xFI$ $U8 - Error0x030x90U8 - CurrorMIP Packet HeaderV8 - CurrorSync1Sync2Desc.SetPayloadLengthFieldLength0x750x650x7F0x040x04$	0x04 $0xFI$ $U8 - Error code (0)$ $0x03$ $0x90$ $U8 - Current CommandMIP Packet HeaderCommandSync1Sync2Desc.SetPayloadLengthFieldLengthFieldDesc.0x750x650x7F0x040x040x10$	0x03 $0x90$ $U8 - Current Communications Mode$ $MIP Packet Header$ $Command/Reply Fields$ $Sync1$ $Sync2$ $Desc.$ Set $Payload$ LengthField LengthField Desc. $Sync1$ $Sync2$ $Desc.$ Set $Payload$ LengthField LengthField Desc. $0x75$ $0x65$ $0x7F$ $0x04$ $0x04$ $0x10$ Fctn (USE): $0x01$ New mode $(IMU direct): 0x02$ $0x75$ $0x65$ $0x7F$ $0x04$ $0x04$ $0xF1$ Echo cmd: $0x10$	0x04 $0xFI$ $U8 - Error code (0: ACK, non-zero: NACK)$ $0x03$ $0x90$ $U8 - Current Communications Mode$ VIP Packet HeaderCommand/Reply Fields $Sync1$ $Sync2$ $Desc.$ $Payload$ $Length$ $Field$ $Length$ $Field$ $Desc.Field DataMSB0x750x650x7F0x040x040x10Fctn (USE): 0x01New mode0x020x74$	

Copy-Paste version of the command: "7565 7F04 0410 0102 74BD"

4.5 Error Codes

Error Name	Error Value	Description
MIP Unknown Command	0x01	The command descriptor is not supported by this device
MIP Invalid Checksum	0x02	An otherwise complete packet has a bad checksum
MIP Invalid Parameter	0x03	One or more parameters in the packet are invalid. This can refer to a value that is outside the allowed range for a command or a value that is not the expected size or type
MIP Command Failed	0x04	Device could not complete the command
MIP Command Timeout	0x05	Device could not complete the command within the expected time



5. Data Reference

5.1 IMU Data

5.1.1 Scaled Accelerometer Vector (0x80, 0x04)									
Description	Scaled Acce	Scaled Accelerometer Vector							
Notes	3DM-GX5-2 scaled into p	his is a vector quantifying the direction and magnitude of the acceleration that the DM-GX5-25 is exposed to. This quantity is fully temperature compensated and caled into physical units of g (1 g = 9.80665 m/sec ²). It is expressed in terms of the 3DM-GX5-25's local coordinate system.							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	а					
Field Format			Binary Off- set	Description	Data Type	Units			
	14 (0x0E)	0x04	0	X Accel	float	g			
			4	Y Accel	float	g			
			8	Z Accel	float	g			

5.1.2 Scaled Gyro Vector (0x80, 0x05)									
Description	Scaled Gyr	Scaled Gyro Vector							
Notes	This quantit	his is a vector quantifying the rate of rotation (angular rate) of the 3DM-GX5-25. his quantity is fully temperature compensated and scaled into units of radi- ns/second. It is expressed in terms of the 3DM-GX5-25's local coordinate system.							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ige Data					
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
	14 (0x0E)	0x05	0	X Gyro	float	Radians/second			
			4	Y Gyro	float	Radians/second			
			8	Z Gyro	float	Radians/second			



5.1.3 Scaled Magnetometer Vector (0x80, 0x06)									
Description	Scaled Magr	Scaled Magnetometer Vector							
Notes	nitude. This a	his is a vector which gives the instantaneous magnetometer direction and mag- itude. This quantity is fully temperature compensated and scaled into units of auss. It is expressed in terms of the 3DM-GX5-25's local coordinate system.							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a					
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
	14 (0x0E)	0x06	0	X Mag	float	Gauss			
			4	Y Mag	float	Gauss			
			8	Z Mag	float	Gauss			

5.1.4 Scaled Ambient Pressure (0x80, 0x17)								
Description	Scaled Ambi	ent Vector						
Notes		This is a scalar which gives the instantaneous ambient pressure reading. This quant- ity is fully temperature compensated and scaled into units of milliBar.						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a				
Field Format	06 (0x06)	0x17	Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
	00 (0x00)	0.17	0	Ambient Pressure	float	milliBar		



5.1.5 Delta Theta Vector (0x80, 0x07)									
Description	Time integra	Time integral of angular rate.							
Notes	the IMU mes	This is a vector which gives the time integral of angular rate over the interval set by the IMU message format command. It is expressed in terms of the 3DM-GX5-25's ocal coordinate system in units of radians.							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a					
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
	14 (0x0E)	0x07	0	X Delta Theta	float	radians			
			4	Y Delta Theta	float	radians			
			8	Z Delta Theta	float	radians			

5.1.6 Delta Velocity Vector (0x80, 0x07)									
Description	Time integra	Time integral of acceleration.							
Notes	set by the IM GX5-25's loc itational cons	This is a vector which gives the time integral of specific acceleration over the interval bet by the IMU message format command. It is expressed in terms of the 3DM- GX5-25's local coordinate system in units of g*second where g is the standard grav- tational constant. To convert Delta Velocity into the more conventional units of n/sec, simply multiply by the standard gravitational constant, 9.80665 m/sec ² .							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Messag	e Data					
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
	14 (0x0E)	0x08	0	X Delta Velocity	float	g*seconds			
			4	Y Delta Velocity	float	g*seconds			
			8	Z Delta Velocity	float	g*seconds			



5.1.	7 CF Oriei	ntation Matrix (0x80, 0x09))				
Description	3 x 3 Orientation Matrix <i>M</i> .							
Description	This value is produced by the Complementary Filter fusion algorithm.							
		he 3DM-GX5 wit	h respect to t	formation matrix the fixed earth cod $M_{1,2}$ $M_{1,3}$ $M_{2,2}$ $M_{2,3}$ $M_{3,2}$ $M_{3,3}$				
Notes	<i>M</i> satisfies t Where:	<i>M</i> satisfies the following equation: $V_IL_i = M_{ij} \cdot V_E_j$						
		system.	e vector exp	in the 3DM-GX				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ata				
			Binary Off- set	Description	Data Type	Units		
			0	M _{1,1}	Float	N/A		
			4	M _{1,2}	Float	N/A		
Field Format			8	M _{1,3}	Float	N/A		
	38 (0x26)	0x09	12	M _{2,1}	Float	N/A		
			16	M _{2,2}	Float	N/A		
			20	M _{2,3}	Float	N/A		
			24	M _{3,1}	Float	N/A		
			28	M _{3,2}	Float	N/A		
			32	M _{3,3}	Float	N/A		



5.1.8	3 CF Quate	ernion (0x80, 0	x0A)				
Description	4 x 1 quaterr	nion Q.					
Description	This value is	produced by the	Complemen	tary Filter fusion a	lgorithm.		
		component quat spect to the fixed		describes the orient the system.	entation of th	e 3DM-	
Notes	$Q = \begin{bmatrix} q 0 \\ q 1 \\ q 2 \\ q 3 \end{bmatrix}$						
	Q satisfies the following equation:						
	$V_{IL_i} = Q^{-1} \cdot V_{E} \cdot Q$						
	Where:						
	V_IL is a vector expressed in the 3DM-GX5's local coordinate system.						
		<pre>'_E is the same oordinate system</pre>	e vector expressed in the stationary, earth-fixed m				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ta			
			Binary Off- set	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	q ₀	Float	N/A	
	18 (0x12)	0x0A	4	q ₁	Float	N/A	
			8	q ₂	Float	N/A	
			12	q ₃	Float	N/A	



5.1.9 CF Euler Angles (0x80, 0x0C)							
Description	Pitch, Roll, a	and Yaw (aircraft) values.				
Decemption	This value is produced by the Complementary Filter fusion algorithm.						
Notes		This is a three component vector containing the Roll, Pitch and Yaw angles in radians. It is computed by the IMU/AHRS from the orientation matrix <i>M</i> . $Euler = \begin{bmatrix} Roll \\ Pitch \\ Yaw \end{bmatrix}$					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ata			
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
, ioia i officia	14 (0x0E)	0x0C	0	Roll	Float	Radians	
			4	Pitch	Float	Radians	
			8	Yaw	Float	Radians	



5.1.1	5.1.10 CF Stabilized Mag Vector (North) (0x80, 0x10)							
Description			•	agnetic vector. <i>ntary Filter fusio</i>	n algorithm.			
Notes	magnetic fiel should be eq <i>Magnetomen</i> complement magnetic fiel magnetic inte	This is a vector which represents the complementary filter's best estimate of the geo- magnetic field direction (magnetic north). In the absence of magnetic interference, it should be equal to <i>Magnetometer</i> . When transient magnetic interference is present, <i>Magnetometer</i> will be subject to transient (possibly large) errors. The IMU/AHRS complementary filter computes <i>Stabilized North</i> which is its estimate of the geo- magnetic field vector only, even thought the system may be exposed to transient magnetic interference. Note that sustained magnetic interference cannot be adequately compensated for by the complementary filter.						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a				
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
	14 (0x0E)	0x10	0	X Stab Mag	Float	Gauss		
			4	Y Stab Mag	Float	Gauss		
			8	Z Stab Mag	Float	Gauss		



5.1.11 CF Stabilized Accel Vector (Up) (0x80, 0x11)							
Description	Gyro stabilize	ed estimated ve	ector for the gr	avity vector.			
Decemption	This value is	produced by th	e Complemer	ntary Filter fusion	n algorithm.		
Notes	ate of the ver In dynamic c well as linear its estimate c	This is a vector which represents the IMU/AHRS complementary filter's best estim- ate of the vertical direction. Under stationary conditions, it should be equal to Accel. In dynamic conditions, Accel will be sensitive to both gravitational acceleration as well as linear acceleration. The Complementary filter computes Stab Accel which is its estimate of the gravitation acceleration only, even thought the system may be exposed to significant linear acceleration.					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	а			
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
	14 (0x0E)	0x11	0	X Stab Accel	Float	G	
			4	Y Stab Accel	Float	G	
			8	Z Stab Accel	Float	G	



5.1.1	I2 GPS Co	orrelation Tin	nestamp (0x	(80, 0x12)		
Description	GPS correla	tion timestamp).			
Notes	This timestan L L Timestamp S B B This timestan the GPS Time In correlated. T each time the (regains sign remain set. The "PPS B beacon com IMU internal TOW repress If the GPS Io slowly drift a there will be ing the amou See the Data timestamps.	mp has three fi Double GPS TC D16 GPS Week D16 Timestamp Status Flags: Sit0 - PPS Beac Sit1 - GPS Time Sit2 - GPS Time mp correlates the record excep nitialized flag is This flag is only e GPS Time be nal) the GPS Ti eacon Good" fl ing from the GP clock is being the ents the amount sess signal, the way from each a jump in the til ant of drift of the a Synchronicity	elds: DW number o flags con Good If se e Refresh (tog e Initialized (se the IMU packed of the flags are asserted, the set once upor ecomes invalid me Refresh fl ag in the Time PS is present. used for the P nt of time that GPS and IMU other. If the time stamp whe e clocks.	et, GNSS PPS si gles with each re et with the first G ets with the first G GPS Time and a the first valid G d (from a lack of si lag will toggle. The estamp flags byte If this flag is not PS. The fraction has elapsed from J timestamps be imestamp clocks on the PPS Beac s manual for mo	efresh) PS Time Refr packets. It is cally for the IN IMU GPS Tim PS Time reco signal) and the ne GPS Time e indicates if th asserted, it m hal portion of the m the last PPS come free run have drifted a con Good reas	resh) identical to IU. When the bestamp are ord. After that, en valid again Initialized will ne PPS beans that the he GPS S. nning and will apart, then sserts, reflect- n on
	GLONASS	and BeiDou do llation). Howev	not use the G	SPS Time base (bases get conve	the time base	of the U.S.
		ver.		bases get conve	nieu io îne GF	S TIME Dase
Field Format	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ta		
	14 (0x0E)	0x12	Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units



5.1.12 GPS Correlation Timestamp (0x80, 0x12)							
			0	GPS Time of Week	Double	Seconds	
			8	GNSS Week Number	U16	N/A	
			10	Timestamp Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2 Estimation Filter Data

E 0 1	Filter Status (0x82, 0x10)
5.2.1	
Description	Estimation Filter Status
	Possible Filter States:
	0x00 - Startup 0x01 - Initialization (see status flags)
	0x02 - Running, Solution Valid
	0x03 - Running, Solution Error (see status flags)
	Possible Dynamics Modes:
	0x01 - Portable
	0x02 - Automotive 0x03 - Airborne
	Possible Status Flags:
	Filter State = Initialization:
	0x1000 - Attitude not initialized
	0x2000 - Position & Velocity not initialized
Notes	Filter State = Running:
	0x0001 - IMU unavailable
	0x0002 - GNSS unavailable
	0x0008 - Matrix singularity in calculation
	0x0010 - Position covariance high warning*
	0x0020 - Velocity covariance high warning*
	0x0040 - Attitude covariance high warning*
	0x0080 - NAN in solution
	0x0100 - Gyro bias estimate high warning
	0x0200 - Accel bias estimate high warning
	0x0400 - Gyro scale factor estimate high warning
	0x0800 - Accel scale factor estimate high warning
	0x1000 - Mag bias estimate high warning 0x2000 - GNSS antenna offset correction estimate high warning
	0x4000 - Hard Iron offset estimate high warning
	0x8000 - Soft iron correction estimate high warning
	*Note: The covariance high warnings are triggered when any axis of the covariance



5.2.1 Filter Status (0x82, 0x10)								
			0	nore information is determine which a				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data					
	08 (0x08) 0x10		Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
Field Format		0x10	0 Filter State U16	U16	See Notes			
			2	Dynamics Mode	U16	See Notes		
			4	Status Flags	U16	See Notes		

5.2.2 GPS Timestamp (0x82, 0x11)							
Description	Estimation F	Filter Calculated	Value Time	stamp Data			
Notes	(lid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Time Invalid 0x0001 - Time Valid					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message I	Data			
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
	14 (0x0E)	0x11	0	Time of Week	Double	Seconds	
			8	Week Number	U16	N/A	
			10	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.3 Orientation, Quaternion (0x82, 0x03)						
Description	Estimated O	rientation in qua	aternion form.			
Notes	GX5 with res Q satisfies th Where: V sj V cu Valid Flag Ma 0:	e following equ _IL <i>is a vecto</i> <i>ystem.</i> _E <i>is the sam</i>	d earth coordi $Q = \begin{bmatrix} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	q0]	X5's local co	ordinate
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a		
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units
Field Format			0	9 ₀	Float	N/A
	20 (0x14)	0x03	4	q ₁ *i	Float	N/A
			8	q ₂ *j	Float	N/A
			12	q ₃ *k	Float	N/A
			16	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes



5.2.4	Attitude	Uncertainty,	Quaternic	on Elements (0x82,	0x12)		
Description	Estimated	attitude 1-sigm	a uncertainty	y expressed in quaterr	ion compon	ents.	
	This is a thr quaternion	•	vector conta	aining the attitude unce	ertainty expre	essed in	
Notes Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Attitude uncertainties are Invalid 0x0001 - Attitude uncertainties are Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
			0	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (q ₀)	Float		
Field Format	20 (0x14)	0x12	4	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (q ₁)	Float		
			8	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (q ₂)	Float		
			12	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (q ₃)	Float		
			16	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.8	5.2.5 Orientation, Euler Angles (0x82, 0x05)						
Description	Estimated F	Pitch, Roll, and Ya	aw (aircraft)	values.			
		This is a three component vector containing the Roll, Pitch and Yaw angles in radi- ans. It is computed by the INS from the orientation quaternion <i>Q</i> .					
Notes $Euler = \begin{bmatrix} Roll \\ Pitch \\ Yaw \end{bmatrix}$							
	Valid Flag Mapping:						
)x0000 - Euler Ar)x0001 - Euler Ar	•	alid			
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ata			
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	Roll	Float	Radians	
	16 (0x10)	0x05	4	Pitch	Float	Radians	
			8	Yaw	Float	Radians	
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.6	5.2.6 Attitude Uncertainty, Euler Angles (0x82, 0x0A)							
Description	Estimated elements.	attitude 1-sigma	uncertainty	expressed in Pitch, R	Roll, and Ya	aw (aircraft)		
	This is a th tainties in r	•	ector contai	ning the Roll, Pitch a	nd Yaw an	gle uncer-		
Notes	angle exceeds +-70 degrees.					grees. To		
	Valid Flag Mapping:							
		0x0000 - Attitude 0x0001 - Attitude						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message D	Pata				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
Field Format			0	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (Roll)	Float	Radians		
	16 (0x10)	0x0A	4	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (Pitch)	Float	Radians		
			8	1-Sigma Attitude Uncertainty (Yaw)	Float	Radians		
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes		



5.2.	7 Orientatio	on, Matrix (0	x82, 0x04)					
Description	Estimated or	ientation in ma	trix form.					
		ie 3DM-GX5 w	ith respect to t	sformation matrix the fixed earth co				
		$M = \begin{bmatrix} M_{1,1} & M_{1,2} & M_{1,3} \\ M_{2,1} & M_{2,2} & M_{2,3} \\ M_{3,1} & M_{3,2} & M_{3,3} \end{bmatrix}$						
	M satisfies th	ne following equ	uation:					
			V_IL _i =	M _{ij} · V_E _j				
Notes	Where: V_IL is a vector expressed in the 3DM-GX5's local coordinate system. V_E is the same vector expressed in the stationary, earth-fixed coordinate system Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Orientation Matrix is Invalid 0x0001 - Orientation Matrix Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	ta				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
			0	M _{1,1}	Float	N/A		
Field Format			4	M _{1,2}	Float	N/A		
	40 (0x28)	0x04	8	M _{1,3}	Float	N/A		
			12	M _{2,1}	Float	N/A		
			16	M _{2,2}	Float	N/A		
			20	M _{2,3}	Float	N/A		
			24	M _{3,1}	Float	N/A		



5.2.7	Orientatio	on, Matrix (0x	(82, 0x04)			
			28	M _{3,2}	Float	N/A
			32	M _{3,3}	Float	N/A
			36	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes

5.2.8 Compensated Angular Rate (0x82, 0x0E)							
Description	1. T	he Sensor Fra	ame, if no ser	expressed in:			
Notes	The estimate Valid Flag M 0	 2. The Vehicle Frame, if a sensor to body rotation has been defined. The estimated gyro bias has been removed from these angular rate values. Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Angular Rates are not Valid 0x0001 - Angular Rates are Valid 					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	nta			
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	Х	Float	Radians/Sec	
	16 (0x10)	0x0E	4	Y	Float	Radians/Sec	
			8	Z	Float	Radians/Sec	
				Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.9 Gyro Bias (0x82, 0x06)								
Description	Estimated	Estimated Gyro Biases expressed in the Sensor Body Frame.						
Notes		alid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Gyro Bias are Invalid 0x0001 - Gyro Bias Valid						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data					
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
Field Format			0	X Gyro Bias	Float	Radians/Sec		
	16 (0x10)	0x06	4	Y Gyro Bias	Float	Radians/Sec		
			8	Z Gyro Bias	Float	Radians/Sec		
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes		

5.2.10 Gyro Bias Uncertainty (0x82, 0x0B)									
Description	Estimated	d Gyro Bias 1-	sigma Unc	ertainty expressed in th	e Sensor E	Body Frame.			
	Valid Flag) Mapping:							
Notes		•		certainties are Invalid certainties Valid					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message	Message Data					
	16 (0x10) 0x0		Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	1-Sigma Gyro Bias Uncertainty (X)	Float	Radians/Sec			
		0x0B	4	1-Sigma Gyro Bias Uncertainty (Y)	Float	Radians/Sec			
			8	1-Sigma Gyro Bias Uncertainty (Z)	Float	Radians/Sec			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.1	5.2.11 Gyro Scale Factor (0x82, 0x16)								
Description	Estimated Gy	vro Scale Facto	r expressed	in the Sensor Bod	y Frame.				
	Valid Flag Ma	apping:							
Notes	-	0x0000 - Scale Factor values are Invalid 0x0001 - Scale Factor values are Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	X Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
	16 (0x10)	0x16	4	Y Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
			8	Z Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			

5.2.12 Gyro Scale Factor Uncertainty (0x82, 0x18)									
Description	Estimated Frame.	l Gyro Scale Fa	actor 1-Sig	ma Uncertainty expressed i	n the Sens	sor Body			
Notes	Valid Flag	•		ctor Uncertainties are Invali ctor Uncertainties Valid	d				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message	Message Data					
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	1-Sigma Gyro Scale Factor Uncertainty (X)	Float	%/100			
	16 (0x10)	0x18	4	1-Sigma Gyro Scale Factor Uncertainty (Y)	Float	%/100			
			8	1-Sigma Gyro Scale Factor Uncertainty (Z)	Float	%/100			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.1	5.2.13 Compensated Acceleration (0x82, 0x1C)						
	Filter-Compe	ensated Accele	ration Data e	expressed in:			
Description							
	Valid Flag Ma	apping:					
Notes 0x0000 - Compensated Accelerations are Invalid 0x0001 - Compensated Accelerations are Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	Х	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
	16 (0x10)	0x1C	4	Y	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			8	Z	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.14 Linear Acceleration (0x82, 0x0D)							
Description	in: 1.	1. The Sensor Frame, if no sensor to body rotation has been defined.					
Notes		Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Linear Accelerations are Invalid 0x0001 - Linear Accelerations are Valid					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	Х	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
	16 (0x10)	0x0D	4	Y	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			8	Z	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	

5.2.15 Accel Bias (0x82, 0x07)							
Description	Estimated A	ccel Biases expre	ssed in the	Sensor Body Fra	ame.		
	Valid Flag M	apping:					
Notes	0x0000 - Accel Bias are Invalid 0x0001 - Accel Bias Valid						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data				
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units	
Field Format			0	X Accel Bias	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
	16 (0x10)	0x07	4	Y Accel Bias	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			8	Z Accel Bias	Float	Meters / Sec ²	
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes	



5.2.16 Accel Bias Uncertainty (0x82, 0x0C)								
Description	Estimated	Accel Bias 1-si	gma Uncer	tainty expressed in the	e Sensor B	ody Frame.		
Notes	Valid Flag			rtainties are Invalid rtainties Valid				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data					
	16 (0x10)	0x0C	Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
Field Format			0	1-Sigma Accel Bias Uncertainty (X)	Float	Meters / Sec ²		
			4	1-Sigma Accel Bias Uncertainty (Y)	Float	Meters / Sec ²		
			8	1-Sigma Accel Bias Uncertainty (Z)	Float	Meters / Sec ²		
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes		



5.2.1	5.2.17 Accel Scale Factor (0x82, 0x17)								
Description	Estimated Ac	cel Scale Facto	or expressed	in the Sensor Boo	ly Frame.				
	Valid Flag Ma	apping:							
Notes	_	0x0000 - Scale Factor values are Invalid 0x0001 - Scale Factor values are Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	X Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
	16 (0x10)	0x17	4	Y Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
			8	Z Scale Factor	Float	%/100			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			

5.2.18 Accel Scale Factor Uncertainty (0x82, 0x19)									
Description	Estimated Frame.	stimated Accel Scale Factor 1-Sigma Uncertainty expressed in the Sensor Body rame.							
Notes	Valid Flag	lid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Accel Scale Factor Uncertainties are Invalid 0x0001 - Accel Scale Factor Uncertainties Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	1-Sigma Accel Scale Factor Uncertainty (X)	Float	%/100			
	16 (0x10)	0x19	4	1-Sigma Accel Scale Factor Uncertainty (Y)	Float	%/100			
			8	1-Sigma Accel Scale Factor Uncertainty (Z)	Float	%/100			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.1	9 Pressu	re Altitude (0x	82, 0x21)			
Description	Estimated F	Pressure Altitude).			
Notes	in meters. A valid. The m responding Valid Flag N	The US 1976 Standard Atmosphere Model is used to calculate the pressure altitude in meters. A valid pressure sensor reading is required for the pressure altitude to be valid. The minimum pressure reading supported by the model is 0.0037 mBar, cor- responding to an altitude of 84,852 meters. Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Pressure Altitude is Invalid 0x0001 - Pressure Altitude is Valid				
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ata		
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units
	8 (0x08) 0x21	0x21	0	Pressure Altitude	Float	Meters
				Valid Flags	U16	See Notes



5.2.2	20 Standa	ard Atmosphe	re Model (0x82, 0x20)					
Description	Standard A	tmosphere Mo	del Solution.						
Notes The US 1976 Standard Atmosphere Model is used. A valid GNSS location is required for the model to be valid. Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Atmosphere model solution is invalid (note: this will be state when GNSS is unavailable)									
	0x0001 - Atmosphere model solution is valid								
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
			0	Geometric Altitude	Float	meters			
Field Format			4	Geopotential Altitude	Float	meters			
	24 (0x18)	0x20	8	8 Temperature		degC			
			12	Pressure	Float	mBar			
			16	Density	Float	kg/m ³			
			20	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.2	21 Gravity	/ector (0x82,	0x13)			
	Estimated Gr	avity Vector ex	pressed in:			
Description				or to body rotati or to body rotatio		
	Valid Flag Ma	apping:				
Notes 0x0000 - Gravity vector is Invalid 0x0001 - Gravity vector is Valid						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Da	ata		
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units
Field Format			0	Х	Float	Meters / Sec ²
	16 (0x10)	0x13	4	Y	Float	Meters / Sec ²
			8	Z	Float	Meters / Sec ²
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes



5.2.22 WGS84 Local Gravity Magnitude (0x82, 0x0F)								
Description	Local Mag	gnitude of Eart	h's gravity using the	WGS84 gravity	model.			
	The GX5- less.	25 implement	s the WGS84 gravity	r model, valid for	altitudes	of 20 km or		
Notes	Valid Flag	g Mapping:						
		0x0000 - Gravity value is Invalid 0x0001 - Gravity value is Valid						
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data					
Field Format			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units		
	08 (0x08)	0x0F	0	Gravity Mag- nitude	Float	Meters/Sec ²		
			4	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes		



5.2.23 Heading Update Source State (0x82, 0x14)									
Description	Heading U	eading Update Source information expressed in the sensor frame. eading updates can be applied from a number of sources (listed below. Also see							
		pdates can be a pdate Control.)	• •	a number of sources (listed below	v. Also see			
	The headir	ng value is alwa	ys relative t	o true north.					
	Possible S	ource Flags (m	ay be comb	ined):					
Notes	Valid Flag	0x0000 - No source, heading updates disabled 0x0001 - Magnetometer 0x0002 - GNSS Velocity Vector 0x0004 - External Heading Update or External Heading Update with Timestamp Message Valid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - No heading update received in 2 seconds. 0x0001 - The heading update source has provided data within 2 seconds.							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message D	Data					
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	Heading (True)	Float	Radians			
	14 (0x0E)	0x14	4	Heading 1-sigma Uncertainty	Float	Radians			
			8	Source	U16	See Notes			
			10	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.24 Magnetic Model Solution (0x82, 0x15)									
Description	Magnetic m	odel solution ex	pressed in th	ne NED frame.					
	The World model to be	•	2010 is used	d. A valid GNSS loc	ation is requ	uired for the			
Notes	Valid Flag N								
		0x0000 - Magnetic model solution is invalid (note: this will be the state when the magnetic model is recalculating for the current time and location as well as when GNSS is unavailable)							
		0x0001 - Magne	etic model sc	olution is valid					
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
			0	Intensity (North)	Float	Gauss			
Field Format			4	Intensity (East)	Float	Gauss			
	24 (0x18)	0x15	8	Intensity (Down)	Float	Gauss			
			12	Inclination	Float	Radians			
			16	Declination	Float	Radians			
			20	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.25 Mag Auto Hard Iron Offset (0x82, 0x25)									
Description		This is an offset vector applied to the hard iron offset vector to compensate for mag- netometer in-run bias errors.							
Notes	0	alid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Vector is Invalid 0x0001 - Vector is Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	Х	Float	Gauss			
	16 (0x10)	0x25	4	Υ	Float	Gauss			
			8	Z	Float	Gauss			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			

5.2.2	26 Mag Auto	o Hard Iron O	offset Uncer	tainty (0x82, ()x28)				
Description	This is the und	his is the uncertainty of the Magnetometer Compensation Offset.							
Notes	0x	lid Flag Mapping: 0x0000 - Vector is Invalid 0x0001 - Vector is Valid							
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
Field Format			0	х	Float	Gauss			
	16 (0x10)	0x28	4	Y	Float	Gauss			
			8	Z	Float	Gauss			
			12	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



5.2.2	27 Mag Aut	to Soft Iron N	latrix (0x82,	0x26)						
Description	Magnetomet	lagnetometer Soft Iron compensation matrix.								
Notes		ix to compensa	te for magnet	lied to the magn ometer in-run er $M_{1,2}$ $M_{1,3}$ $M_{2,2}$ $M_{2,3}$ $M_{3,2}$ $M_{3,3}$	rors.	t iron cal-				
		apping: x0000 - Orienta x0001 - Orienta								
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Dat	a						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units				
			0	M ₁₁	Float	n/a				
			4	M ₁₂	Float	n/a				
			8	M ₁₃	Float	n/a				
Field Format	40 (0, 00)	0.00	12	M ₂₁	Float	n/a				
	40 (0x28)	0x26	16	M ₂₂	Float	n/a				
			20	M ₂₃	Float	n/a				
			24	M ₃₁	Float	n/a				
			28	M ₃₂	Float	n/a				
			32	M ₃₃	Float	n/a				
			36	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes				



5.2.2	28 Mag Auto	o Soft Iron Ma	atrix Uncert	tainty (0x82, 0	x29)				
Description	Magnetomete	er Soft Iron com	pensation m	atrix.					
	This is the und	certainty of the	Magnetomet	er Compensatio	n matrix.				
Notes	$M = egin{bmatrix} M_{1,1} & M_{1,2} & M_{1,3} \ M_{2,1} & M_{2,2} & M_{2,3} \ M_{3,1} & M_{3,2} & M_{3,3} \end{bmatrix}$								
	Valid Flag Ma	pping:							
	0x0000 - Orientation Matrix is Invalid 0x0001 - Orientation Matrix is Valid								
	Field Length	Data Descriptor	Message Data						
			Binary Offset	Description	Data Type	Units			
			0	M ₁₁	Float	n/a			
			4	M ₁₂	Float	n/a			
			8	M ₁₃	Float	n/a			
Field Format			12	M ₂₁	Float	n/a			
	40 (0x28)	0x29	16	M ₂₂	Float	n/a			
			20	M ₂₃	Float	n/a			
			24	M ₃₁	Float	n/a			
			28	M ₃₂	Float	n/a			
			32	M ₃₃	Float	n/a			
			36	Valid Flags	U16	See Notes			



6. MIP Packet Reference

6.1 Structure

Commands and Data are sent and received as fields in the LORD "MIP" packet format. Below is the general definition of the structure:

The packet always begins with the start-of-packet sequence "ue" (0x75, 0x65). The "Descriptor Set" byte in the header specifies which command or data set is contained in fields of the packet. The payload length byte specifies the sum of all the field length bytes in the payload section.

6.2 Payload Length Range

The payload section can be empty or can contain one or more fields. Each field has a length byte and a descriptor byte. The field length byte specifies the length of the entire field including the field length byte and field descriptor byte. The descriptor byte specifies the command or data that is contained in the field data. The descriptor can only be from the set of descriptors specified by the descriptor set byte in the header. The field data can be anything but is always rigidly defined. The definition of a descriptor is fundamentally described in a ".h" file that corresponds to the descriptor set that the descriptor belongs to.

LORD Sensing provides a "Packet Builder" functionality in the "MIP Monitor" software utility to simplify the construction of a MIP packet. Most commands will have a single field in the packet, but multiple field packets are possible. Extensive examples complete with checksums are given in the command reference section.

6.3 MIP Checksum Range

The checksum is a 2 byte Fletcher checksum and encompasses all the bytes in the packet:

6.4 16-bit Fletcher Checksum Algorithm (C Language)

```
for(i=0; i<checksum range; i++)</pre>
```

{

checksum_byte1 += mip_packet[i];

checksum_byte2 += checksum_byte1;

}

```
checksum = ((u16) checksum_byte1 << 8) + (u16) checksum_byte2;</pre>
```



7. Advanced Programming

7.1 Multiple Commands in a Single Packet

MIP packets may contain one or more individual commands. In the case that multiple commands are transmitted in a single MIP packet, the 3DM-GX5-25 will respond with a single packet containing multiple replies. As with any packet, all commands must be from the same descriptor set (you cannot mix Base commands with 3DM commands in the same packet).

Below is an example that shows how you can combine the commands from step 2 and 3 of the Example Setup Sequence into a single packet. The commands are from the 3DM set. The command packet has two fields as does the reply packet (the fields are put on separate rows for clarity):

	Ν	IIP Pacl	ket Hea	der		Command/Reply Fields			Checksum		
Examples	Sync1	Sync2	Desc. Set	Payload Length	Field Length	Cmd Desc.	Field Data	MSB	LSB		
Command Field 1: Set IMU Message Format	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x1D	0x0D	0x08	Fctn (Apply): 0x01 Desc Count: 0x03 GPS TS Desc: 0x12 Rate Dec: 0x000A Accel Desc: 0x04 Rate Dec: 0x000A Ang RateDesc: 0x05 Rate Dec: 0x000A				
Command Field 2: Set EF Mes- sage Format					0x10	0x0A	Function: 0x01 Desc. count: 0x04 EF Euler: 0x11 Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Accel: 0x05 Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Accel: 0x0D Rate Dec: 0x000A EF Accel: 0x0E Rate Dec: 0x000A	0xCD	0x47		
Reply Field 1: ACK/NACK	0x75	0x65	0x0C	0x08	0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x08 Error code: 0x00				
Reply Field 2: ACK/NACK					0x04	0xF1	Echo cmd: 0x0A Error code: 0x00	0xEA	0x71		
	Copy-paste version of the command: "7565 0C1D 0D08 0103 1200 0A04 000A 0500 0A10 0A01 0411 000A 0500 0A0D 000A 0E00 0ACD 47"										



Note that the only difference in the packet headers of the single command packets compared to the multiple command packets is the payload length. Parsing multiple fields in a single packet involves subtracting the field length of the next field from the payload length until the payload length is less than or equal to zero.

7.2 Direct Modes

The 3DM-GX5-25 has special "direct" modes that switch the device into a Sensor direct device. The Device Communications Mode command is used to switch between modes. When in these modes, the 3DM-GX5-25 acts like an "IMU only" sensor. Any code or tools developed for these devices may be used in these modes.

These modes can be used to access advanced (native) data of the individual sensors, data that isn't represented in the 3DM command sets of the 3DM-GX5-25. These modes are primarily advanced modes for programmers to allow the 3DM-GX5-25 to be used in unusual situations where the normal functions of the 3DM-GX5-25 are bypassed.

IMPORTANT: When you switch modes, you are switching to a new device protocol EXCEPT for two commands: the Device Communications Mode and Device Status commands. Those commands are always available regardless of which mode you are in. For example, if you switch to Sensor direct mode, then the protocol recognized by the device is 3DM-GX5-10 protocol, however the 3DM-GX5-25 is still "listening" for mode switch or device status commands and will respond to them. It will not respond to any other 3DM-GX5-25 Base or 3DM commands until switched back to the "Standard Mode".

7.3 Internal Diagnostic Functions

The 3DM-GX5-25 supports two device specific internal functions used for diagnostics and system status. These are Device Built In Test and Device Status. These commands are defined generically but the implementation is very specific to the hardware implemented on this device. Other LORD Sensing devices will have their own implementations of these functions depending on the internal hardware of the devices.

7.3.1 3DM-GX5-25 Internal Diagnostic Commands

- Device Built In Test (0x01, 0x05)
- Device Status (0x0C, 0x64)

7.4 Handling High Rate Data

The size of the data fields from an inertial device is substantially greater than on most other types of sensors. On top of that, in many applications it is desirable to receive that data with the lowest latency possible and thus the highest baud rate is selected. The result is that the port servicing requirements in



terms of both speed and buffer size can be surprisingly large for inertial data. This can lead to a couple of common problems: runaway latency and dropped packets.

7.4.1 Runaway Latency

Most operating systems provide drivers that have ample buffers and take care of port servicing at the hardware level. Dropping packets or losing data is not usually an issue on these systems. What can be an issue is latency, that is, when the buffer is not emptied by the application in a timely manner. In the worst case, the buffer is being filled faster than it is emptied and the application operates with increasingly "old" data - which causes runaway latency. It is important to monitor the incoming data buffer to make sure you do not reach this condition.

7.4.2 Dropped Packets

Many applications do not use an operating system but are written from scratch or on top of proprietary application frameworks. These are most often embedded MCUs or small single board microcontrollers. On these systems, port handling is usually done in code at the hardware level. Collecting data from a port requires the use one of three techniques: register polling, hardware interrupts, or direct memory access (DMA). Register polling is very easy to do and is adequate for simple communications where data comes in very small chunks and at reasonable data rates. The problem with register polling is that you either waste time looping while waiting for a byte to come in at the port or you get too busy doing other tasks so that by the time you poll the port, the byte is lost because the next one overwrites it. This causes dropped packets. On these systems, it is imperative to utilize either a hardware interrupt or hardware DMA on the UART receiving data from the 3DM-GX5-25. The DMA or UART interrupt service routine only takes processor time when a byte is ready and as long as the interrupts are preemptive, the processor will fetch every byte received. Using the interrupt routine to fill a ring buffer makes the most efficient use of an MCU and makes it easier to write your application main line code. This is essentially what drivers in operating systems do.

7.5 Creating Fixed Data Packet Format

The MIP packet structure and protocol provides a great deal of flexibility to the user for creating a custom data stream. It does this by allowing selectable data fields and individual data rates for each field. The side effect of this feature is that packets vary in size depending on what data is being delivered in any particular time frame. For example, if acceleration data is configured for 100 Hz and magnetometer data is configured for 25 Hz, every fourth packet is larger than the previous three because of the additional magnetometer data. In some applications, this is undesirable and there may be a requirement for a fixed packet structure so that each data packet is exactly the same. A fixed packet structure allows you to find data fields by fixed offsets rather than parsing the packet for each field.

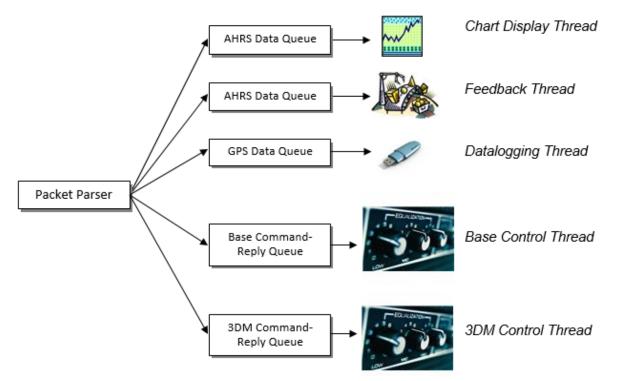


A fixed packet structure is easily achieved with MIP packet protocol by simply making sure the data rate for each data quantity is the same. The order of the data fields in the packet reflect the order of the fields in the Message Format command and thus are completely under the control of the user. Once an acceptable data packet structure is determined, and all the rates are set to the same decimation, use the "Save current settings as startup settings" function selector in the message format command, and that format will be saved and used automatically on subsequent device startups. The message formats for each of the data classes (IMU, EF, etc) work the same way, however the available data rates for each class is different, so you will need to create a fixed message format for each one.



7.6 Advanced Programming Models

Many applications will only require a single threaded programming model which is simple to implement using a single program loop that services incoming packets. In other applications, advanced techniques such as multithreading or event based processes are required. The MIP packet design simplifies implementation of these models. It does this by limiting the packet size to a maximum of 261 bytes and it provides the "descriptor set" byte in the header. The limited packet size makes scalable packet buffers possible even with limited memory space. The descriptor set byte aids in sorting an incoming packet stream into one or more command-reply packet queues and/or data packet queues. A typical multithreaded environment will have a command/control thread and one or more data processing threads. Each of these threads can be fed with individual incoming packet queues, each containing packets that only pertain to that thread - sorted by descriptor set. Packet queues can easily be created dynamically as threads are created and destroyed. All packet queues can be fed by a single incoming packet parser that runs continuously independent of the queues. The packet queues are individually scaled as appropriate to the process; smaller queues for lower latency and larger queues for more efficient batch processing of packets.



Multithreaded application with multiple incoming packet queues



8. Glossary

Α

A/D Value

The digital representation of analog voltages in an analog-to-digital (A/D) conversion. The accuracy of the conversion is dependent on the resolution of the system electronics. Higher resolution produces a more accurate conversion.

Acceleration

In physics, acceleration is the change in the rate of speed (velocity) of an object over time.

Accelerometer

A sensor used to detect and measure magnitute and direction of an acceleration force (g-force) in reference to its sensing frame. For example, at rest perpendicular to the Earth's surface an accelerometer will measure 9.8 meters/second squared as a result of gravity. If the device is tilted the acceleration force will change slightly, indicating tilt of the device. When the accelerometer is moving it will measure the dynamic force (including gravity).

Adaptive Kalman Filter (AKF)

A type of Extended Kalman Filter (EKF) that contains an optimization algorithm that adapts to dynamic conditions with a high dependency on adaptive technology. Adaptive technology refers to the ability of a filter to selectively trust a given measurement more or less based on a trust threshold when compared to another measurement that is used as a reference. Sensors that have estimation filters that rely on adaptive control elements to improve their estimations are referred to as an AKF.

AHRS (Attitude and Heading Reference System)

A navigation device consisting of sensors on the three primary axes used to measure vehicle direction and orientation in space. The sensor measurements are typically processed by an onboard algorithm, such as an Estimation Filter, to produce a standardized output of attitude and heading.

Algorithm

In math and science, an algorithm is a step-by-step process used for calculations.

Altitude

the distance an object is above the sea level

Angular rate

The rate of speed of which an object is rotating. Also know as angular frequency, angular speed, or radial frequency. It is typically measured in radians/second.

API (Applications Programming Interface)

A library and/or template for a computer program that specifies how components will work together to form a user application: for example, how hardware will be accessed and what data structures and variables will be used.



ASTM (Association of Standards and Testing)

a nationally accepted organization for the testing and calibration of technological devices

Attitude

the orientaion of an object in space with reference to a defined frame, such as the North-East-Down (NED) frame

Azimuth

A horizontal arc measured between a fixed point (such as true north) and the vertical circle passing through the center of an object

В

Bias

A non-zero output signal of a sensor when no load is applied to it, typically due to sensor imperfections. It is also called offset.

С

Calibration

to standardize a measurement by determining the deviation standard and applying a correction, or calibration, factor

Complementary Filter (CF)

A term commonly used for an algorithm that combines the readings from multiple sensors to produce a solution. These filters typically contain simple filtering elements to smooth out the effects of sensor over-ranging or anomalies in the magnetic field.

Configuration

A general term applied to the sensor indicating how it is set up for data acquisition. It includes settings such as sampling rate, active measurements, measurement settings, offsets, biases, and calibration values

Convergance

when mathematical computations approach a limit or a solution that is stable and optimal.

D

Data Acquisition

the process of collecting data from sensors and other devices

Data Logging

the process of saving acquired data to the system memory, either locally on the device, or remotely on the host computer

Data rate

the rate at which sampled data is transmitted to the host



Delta-Theta

the time integral of angular rate expressed with refernce to the device local coordinate system, in units of radians

Delta-velocity

the time integral of velocity expressed with refernce to the device local coordinate system, in units of g*second where g is the standard gravitational constant

Ε

ECEF (Earth Centered Earth Fixed)

a reference frame that is fixed to the earth at the center of the earth and turning about earth's axis in the same way as the earth

Estimation Filter

A mathematical algorithm that produces a statistically optimum solution using measurements and references from multiple sources. Best known estimation filters are the Kalman Filter, Adaptive Kalman Filter, and Extended Kalman Filter.

Euler angles

Euler angles are three angles use to describe the orientation of an object in space such as the x, y and z or pitch; roll; and yaw. Euler angles can also represent a sequence of three elemental rotations around the axes of a coordinate system.

Extended Kalman Filter (EKF)

Used generically to describe any estimation filter based on the Kalman Filter model that can handle non-linear elements. Almost all inertial estimation filters are fundamentally EKFs.

G

GNSS (Global Navigation Statellite System)

a global network of space based statellites (GPS, GLONASS, BeiDou, Galileo, and others) used to triangulate position co-ordinates and provide time information for navigational purposes

GPS (Global Positioning System)

a U.S. based network of space based statellites used to triangulate position co-ordinates and provide time information for navigational purposes

Gyroscope

a device used to sense angular movements such as rotation

Н

Heading

an object's direction of travel with reference to a co-ordinate frame, such as lattitude and longitude



Host (computer)

The host computer is the computer that orchestrates command and control of attached devices or networks.

<u>|</u>

IMU

Inertial Measurement System

Inclinometer

device used to measure tilt, or tilt and roll

Inertial

pertaining to systems that have inertia or are used to measure changes in inertia as in angular or linear accelerations

INS (Inertial Navigation System)

systems that use inertial measurements exclusively to determine position, velocity, and attitude, given an initial reference

Κ

Kalman Filter

a linear quadratic estimation algorithm that processes sensor data or other input data over time, factoring in underlying noise profiles by linearizing the current mean and covariance to produces an estimate of a system's current state that is statistically more precise than what a single measurement could produce

L

LOS (Line of Sight)

Describes the ideal condition between transmitting and receiving devices in a wireless network. As stated, it means they are in view of each other with no obstructions.

Μ

Magnetometer

A type of sensor that measures the strength and direction of the local magnetic field with refernce to the sensor frame. The magnetic field measured will be a combination of the earth's magnetic field and any magnetic field created by nearby objects.

MEMS (Micro-Electro-Mechanical System)

The technology of miniaturized devices typically made using micro fabrication techniques such as nanotechnology. The devices range in size from one micron to several millimeters and may include very complex electromechanical parts.



Ν

NED (North-East-Down)

A geographic reference system

0

OEM

acronym for Original Equipment Manufacturer

Offset

A non-zero output signal of a sensor when no load is applied to it, typically due to sensor imperfections. Also called bias.

Orientation

The orientaion of an object in space with reference to a defined frame. Also called attitude.

Ρ

Pitch

In navigation pitch is what occurs when vertical force is applied at a distance forward or aft from the center of gravity of the platform, causing it to move up or down with respect to the sensor or platform frame origin.

Position

The spatial location of an object

PVA

acronym for Position, Velocity, Attitude

Q

Quaternion

Mathematical notation for representing orientation and rotation of objects in three dimensions with respect to the fixed earth coordinate quaternion. Quaternions convert the axis-angle representation of the object into four numbers and to apply the corresponding rotation to a position vector representing a point relative to the origin.

R

Resolution

In digital systems, the resolution is the number of bits or values available to represent analog voltages or information. For example, a 12-bit system has 4096 bits of resolution and a 16-bit system has 65536 bits.



RMS

acronym for Root Mean Squared

Roll

In navigation roll is what occurs when a horizontal force is applied at a distance right or left from the center of gravity of the platform, causing it to move side to side with respect to the sensor or platform frame origin.

RPY

acronym for Roll, Pitch, Yaw

RS232

a serial data communications protocol

RS422

a serial data communications protocol

S

Sampling the process of taking measurements from a sensor or device

Sampling rate

rate at which the sensors are sampled

Sampling Rate

the frequency of sampling

Sensor

a device that physically or chemically reacts to environmental forces and conditions and produces a predictable electrical signal as a result

Sigma

In statistics, sigma is the standard deviation from the mean of a data set.

Space Vehicle Information

refers to GPS satellites

Streaming

typically when a device is sending data at a specified data rate continuously without requiring a prompt from the host

U

USB (Universal Serial Bus) A serial data communications protocol



UTC (Coordinated Universal Time)

The primary time standard for world clocks and time. It is similar to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).

V

Vector

a measurement with direction and magnitude with refernce from one point in space to another

.

Velocity

The rate of change of position with respect to time. Also called speed.

W

WAAS (Wide Area Augmentation System)

An air navigation aid developed to allow aircraft to rely on GPS for all phases of flight, including precision approaches to any airport.

WGS (World Geodetic System)

a protocol for geo-referencing such as WGS-84

Υ_____

Yaw

In navigation yaw is what occurs when rotational force is applied at a distance forward or aft from the center of gravity of the platform, causing it to move around the center axis of a sensor or platform frame origin.

